CITY OF PINOLE, CALIFORNIA

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CITY OF PINOLE CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Prepared by FINANCE DEPARTMENT

City of Pinole Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Transmittal Letter	i
GFOA Award	vi
Organization Chart	vii
Elected Officials and Administrative Personnel	viii
City of Pinole Map	ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government - Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Government -Wide Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	•
in Fund Balances	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government- Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities	25
Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities	
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fund Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	40
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Funds Assets and Liabilities	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	42
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	45

City of Pinole Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Table of Contents, Continued.

FINANCIAL SECTION, Continued	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplemental Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	
Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund	92
Budgetary Control and Budgetary Accounting:	
Budgetary Control and Budgetary Accounting	93
Defined Benefit Pension Plan:	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of Contributions	94
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB):	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for	05
the Measurement Periods Ended June 30	95
Supplemental Information:	
Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	98
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	
and Changes in Fund Balances	102
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual:	100
Public Works Capital Project	
Gas Tax Fund	
Parkland Dedication Fund	
Measure C Fund	
Storm Water Fund	
Refuse Management Fund	
Adjudicated Asset Seizure Fund	
Police Fund	
Cable TV Fund	
Recreation Fund	
Building and Inspection Fund	117
Development Services Fund	
Fire Department Grants Fund	
Solid Waste Fund	
CASP Certification and Training	
Agency Funds:	
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	122

City of Pinole Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Table of Contents, Continued.

STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component	125
Changes in Net Position	126
General Fund Revenues by Source	
Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	128
Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	129
Revenue Capacity:	
General Fund Tax Revenues by Source	130
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	131
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	132
Principal Property Taxpayers	133
Property Tax Levies and Collections	134
Taxable Sales by Category	135
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	136
Principal Sales Tax Remitters	137
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	138
Other Long-Term Liabilities	139
Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	141
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	142
Tax Allocation Bond Coverage	143
Economic and Demographic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	
Principal Employers	145
Operating Information:	
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	
Operating Indicators and Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	147
Capital Asset Statistics by Function//Program	148



Introductory Section





2131 Pear Street Pinole, CA 94564 Phone: (510) 724-9833 FAX: (510) 724-9826 www.ci.pinole.ca.us

April 10, 2019

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council City Manager and Citizens of the City of Pinole

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Pinole, California for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The City of Pinole is required to annually issue a complete set of financial statements presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited by an independent, certified public accounting firm.

This report presents the finances of the City of Pinole. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

Badawi and Associates, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Pinole's financial statements. The objective of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating overall financial management presentation. Badawi and Associates concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Pinole's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. Their independent auditor's report is the first component presented in the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the City's financial statements is part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the auditor to report not only on their fair presentation of the City's financial statements, but also on the City's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Reports. A Single Audit Report is not required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 as a result of federal expenditures for the year below the \$750,000 threshold.

Accounting standards require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors report in the financial section of this report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Pinole was incorporated on June 25, 1903. Pinole is primarily a residential community located in West Contra Costa County, approximately 30 miles northeast of San Francisco and 20 miles north of Oakland along Interstate Highway 80. The City currently has a land area of 5 square miles and a population of 19,236.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government, with five Council members (consisting of a mayor and a four-member council) elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms with three council members alternating election with two council members at two-year intervals. The Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney and City Clerk. Policymaking and legislative authorities are vested in the City Council, who among other things, passes ordinances, adopts the budget, and appoints committees. The City's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the department directors.

Pinole is a full service city with 100 fulltime and 39 part-time authorized personnel in 2017-18. The City provides public safety (Police and Fire), public services (maintenance of streets and roads), community development (land use, building and housing standards regulation), recreation programs, parks and recreation areas, wastewater utilities, administration and fiscal services.

The financial statements included in the CAFR present the City (the primary government) and its component units if applicable. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data from the City. Discreetly presented component units are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize their separateness from the City. The Successor Agency to the Pinole Redevelopment Agency is not a component unit the of the City as was the case with the former Redevelopment Agency, but is accounted for in a Private Purpose Trust Fund in the Fiduciary Funds segment of the financial report.

Assessing the City's Economic Condition

Local Economy

The City continues to show improvement in its economy with a strengthening local tax base in both retail sales and real property values. The region has a varied manufacturing, industrial and commercial base, but the City's principle businesses are engaged in merchandising and retail sales. The local unemployment rate decreased to 3.1%, down from 4.9% in 2017. Contra Costa County, which includes Pinole, has an unemployment rate of 3.5%, which is less than the state's average rate of 4.2%.

Commercial Activity

The vacancy rate for commercial properties within the City's business districts continues to decline with the development of a new shopping center, the opening of a variety of stores, specialty shops and commercial businesses. During this fiscal year, three of the City's top twenty-five retailers did close (Toy's R Us, Orchard Supply Hardware, and Kmart). Staff is working to identify new businesses to occupy space vacated by those businesses.

Gateway Shopping Center Project

The Gateway Shopping Center is an approximately 5.5-acre site located on both the east and west sides of Pinole Valley Road, just north of Interstate Highway 80 and south of Henry Avenue. The site is bordered by Pinole Creek on the west, Henry Avenue on the north, the existing Kaiser Permanente Medical facility on the east, and Interstate 80 and Pinole Valley Lanes on the south.

The Gateway West portion of the project is complete and includes Sprouts Farmers Market, Habit Burger, Orange Theory, Cookie Dough Parlor, and Jovance Salon and Barbering. The Gateway East portion of the project includes: an approximately 11,000 square foot medical office building with an associated parking garage planned to open in the second half of 2019, a 75-foot pylon sign, and a drive through Starbucks which opened in November 2016. Landscape enhancements and a pedestrian connection for the Pinole Creek Trail, west of the Gateway West portion of the project site is in progress.

• CVS Pharmacy Project

The City has approved building permits for development of a new approximately 15,000 square foot CVS store with a drive through pharmacy at 1617 Canyon Drive (southeast corner of the intersection of Appian Way and Canyon Drive) that is under construction. The project involves the demolition of the existing multi-story medical building, and includes the relocation of two existing wireless communications facilities within the approximately 1.9-acre project site and the construction of a clock tower structure to camouflage the proposed relocated wireless communication facility antennas. The new store will replace the existing CVS store in the Appian 80 Shopping Center. The project is estimated to be completed in Spring of 2019.

Major Initiatives

Budget Recovery Plan

During fiscal year 2017-18, the City maintained its commitment towards improving the General Fund's financial condition. The General Fund reserve was established in fiscal year 2014-15 in the amount of \$3 million using one time revenues mainly from the sale of property from the former Redevelopment Agency. City Council established a goal of funding a \$5.5 million reserve, or six months equivalent of operating expenses. Beginning in fiscal year 2016-17, \$200,000 is allocated to general reserves from Measure S 2014 funding.

Capital Facilities and Infrastructure Projects

Wastewater Pollution Control Plant Improvements
 Construction of the Pinole-Hercules Wastewater Treatment Plant upgrade project which has been
 in development for the past five years began in May of 2016. Construction is anticipated to last
 approximately 30 months with an estimated completion in June of 2019.

The estimated project cost is \$53 million and is funded 50/50 by the cities of Pinole and Hercules. The City has received a low interest State Revolving Fund (SRF) loan in the amount of \$26.6 million from the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) for its proportionate share of construction costs. The City adopted a 5-year rate plan on July 2, 2013 to generate the required debt service funding. The rates for a Single Family Residence (SFR) increased from \$60.55/month to \$62.55/month effective July 1, 2017.

 The City of Pinole expanded the street light replacement program in conjunction with PG&E to include an additional 260 street lights. The program replaced high pressure sodium street lights with energy saving LEDs. The estimated energy savings and decreased maintenance costs will pay for the retrofit project in less than five years.

Community Events

 The Pinole Police Department hosted several community outreach programs such as: National Night Out, Beat Team Meetings, Coffee with a Cop, Police/Clergy Coalition, School Liaison Officer Program, Paws on Patrol, and the Parent Program.

- The Annual Community Service Day was held in June 2018. This event was attended by more than a hundred civic-minded community members who joined together to volunteer in a variety of hands-on community projects throughout Pinole. The event concluded with an appreciation lunch at the Pinole Youth Center.
- Other community events include: a Halloween Carnival, Christmas Tree Lighting, concerts and movies in the park, the American Cancer Society's annual Relay for Life, cookies and canvas fundraiser, wine tasting fundraiser, annual crab feed, Coastal Clean-up, Classic Car Show, and Special Olympics Northern California Bike the Bridges.

Financial Policies and Planning

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Pinole's financial planning and control. The budget process begins in February with each department receiving a budget packet. The City Manager, Assistant City Manager and Finance Director meets with each department director to discuss their budget requests and to make adjustments where necessary. The Finance Subcommittee meets in May at which time the departments' proposed operating budgets are presented to the City Council for further review and preparation for the public hearing. Prior to July 1 of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the coming fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the financing sources. Public hearings are conducted in June to obtain taxpayers' comments. The budget is legally adopted through passage of a Council resolution no later than June 30. A budget review, which includes recommended additions or changes, is presented to the City Council on a quarterly basis. Any changes as a result of these reviews are legally adopted through Council resolution.

The Council exercises budgetary control at the functional department level. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, Enterprise Funds, and Internal Services Funds. The budgeted funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP in the United States. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Management does not have the authority to amend the budget without approval of the City Council.

Public funds held by the City Treasury were invested in accordance with the City's Investment Policy that was reviewed and adopted on August 21, 2018 and conforms to the California Government Code Section 53601. The permitted investments include U.S. treasury notes, bonds, or bills; instruments issued by a U.S. federal agency or a U.S. government sponsored enterprise; negotiable certificates of deposit (with certain restrictions); medium term corporate notes with a rating category of "AA" or better; commercial paper of "prime quality"; bankers acceptances; repurchase agreements not to exceed 30 days; money market mutual funds; and with the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund. The objectives of the City's Investment Policy are to invest up to 100% of temporarily idle funds while maintaining safety, liquidity and yield. The Investment Policy is reviewed annually in conjunction with all financial policies to ensure its consistency with respect to the overall objectives, and its relevance to current laws and financial trends.

The City is a member of the Municipal Pooling Authority (MPA). This Joint Powers Authority (JPA) was formed to allow member agencies to pool together to provide cost effective risk management services and programs to member agencies. The MPA provides for general liability, workers compensation, autophysical damage, all risk fire and property, including earthquake, and boiler and machinery coverage. The City also purchases employee benefit coverage through this pool which includes dental and orthodontic, life and long-term disability coverage.

The City has fully implemented the following most recent Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements: Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements," Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017," and Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues." Refer to Note 1 on pages 55 and 56 for more information.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pinole for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the City has received the prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its continued eligibility for a certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the CAFR was made possible through the dedicated work of the Finance Department staff. Special thanks and acknowledgement are due to Maria Mata and Alice Johnson for their commitment and effectiveness in the maintenance of the City's financial records.

I wish to acknowledge and thank the City Council and City Manager for their leadership and commitment to ensuring the long-term fiscal health of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

adus whi

Andrea Miller Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Pinole California

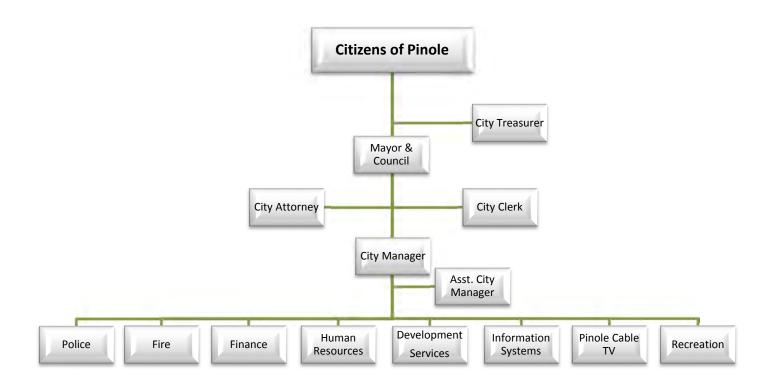
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF PINOLE - ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





CITY OF PINOLE

ELECTED OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

JUNE 30, 2018

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Tim Banuelos

Mayor Pro Tem Peter Murray

Council Member Roy Swearingen

Council Member Debbie Long

Council Member Maureen Toms

City Treasurer Dina Rosales

ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

City Manager Michelle Fitzer

Assistant City Manager Hector De La Rosa

Development Services Director Tamara Miller

Finance Director Andrea Miller

Police Chief Neil Gang

Fire Chief Scott Kouns

City Clerk Rosa Acosta







This page intentionally left blank

Financial Section



This page intentionally left blank



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Pinole Pinole, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pinole, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Pinole Pinole, California Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension information, and OPEB information on pages 5-19, 91-95 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary comparison schedule for the City Capital Projects Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 98 to 122 and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule for the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules on pages 98 to 122 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule for the City Capital Projects Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 98 to 122 are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Pinole Pinole, California Page 3

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2018, the City adopted new accounting guidance, *GASBS No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 10, 2019 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Budanie & Associates

Badawi & Associates, CPAs Oakland, California April 10, 2019 This page intentionally left blank

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City of Pinole's (City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 (FY 2017-18). We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's basic financial statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of FY 2017-18 by \$35.3 million (net position). Of this amount, \$17.9 million is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), \$45.1 million is the net investment in capital assets and \$27.8 million represents a deficit in unrestricted net position.
- The City's net position decreased by \$4 million, a 10.3% decrease at the close of FY 2017-18 as compared to FY 2016-17. As part of implementing GASB Statement No. 75, a prior period adjustment was recorded to eliminate the previously reported net OPEB asset, and to recognize deferred outflows of resources and net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2017. Overall, governmental activities net position decreased by \$3.7 million while business-type activities decreased by \$391 thousand as a result of a decrease in net position.
- Governmental funds reported ending balances of \$46.5 million, an increase of \$15.1 million in comparison to the prior fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.
- The General Fund balance is \$25.9 million, of which \$23.2 million is unassigned.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information and related notes, combining statements for non-major governmental funds, and individual fund financial statements and schedules.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of City finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements include the City (primary government); the City does not have any component units.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows (accrual basis of accounting).

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to interest on long-term debt.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a substantial portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public services, recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include wastewater utility. As of February 1, 2012, the activity of the Successor Agency to Pinole Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency) is reported with the City's fiduciary funds, which is not included in the government-wide statements since the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The Successor Agency is included as a fiduciary fund as the activities are under the control of an Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements use fund accounting to segregate accounts for specific activities or objectives, including demonstrating finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds,* as described below.

<u>Governmental funds</u> are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year.

The governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. It is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. This comparison facilitates a better understanding of the long-term impact associated with the government's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the *major funds* (see Notes to Basic Financial Statements).

Data from the remaining non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided as supplementary information in the form of *combining statements*.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers – either outside customers or internal units of departments in the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds, *enterprise funds* and *internal service funds*, as described below.

• Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the wastewater utility.

• Internal service funds are used by the City to establish reserves and account for employee benefits, equipment replacement, liability insurance, and retiree medical benefits. These funds serve both governmental and business-type functions and so they are allocated accordingly in the government-wide financial statements. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided as supplementary information in the form of combining statements.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Since the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The fiduciary funds for the City consist of the Successor Agency to the Pinole Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Notes to Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary comparison schedules that have been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget. Required supplementary information also includes schedules showing the City's progress towards funding its pension plan and other post-employment benefits (OPEB). The City participates in California's Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) for its pension plan and provides its employees with post-retirement health care benefits (OPEB).

Supplementary Information

Supplementary Information includes information for non-major governmental, non-major enterprise, internal service, and agency funds, and is presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following section provides a comparative analysis of government-wide data for FY 2017-18 and FY 2016-17. The Statement of Net Position will be discussed first, followed by a discussion of the Changes in Net Position.

The following table is a summary of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2018 (2018) and June 30, 2017 (2017).

City of Pinole Net Position (in millions)

	Governmental		Business-type			m . 1						
	Activities		Activities			Totals						
	2	2018	2	2017	2	2018	2	.017	2	2018	2	2017
Assets:								<u>.</u>				
Current and other assets	\$	49.2	\$	34.2	\$	12.7	\$	10.6	\$	61.9	\$	44.9
Capital assets		31.9		33.0		36.1		29.0		68.0		62.0
Total assets		81.1		67.2		48.8		39.6		129.9		106.9
Deferred outflows of resources		9.0		5.7		0.5		0.3		9.5		6.0
Liabilities:												
Current liabilities		3.1		3.3		1.8		2.2		4.9		5.5
Long-term liabilities		65.8		47.5		27.4		17.7		93.2		65.2
Total liabilities		68.9		50.8		29.2		19.9		98.1		70.7
Deferred inflows of resources		5.6		2.9		0.5				6.1		2.9
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets		31.8		32.7		13.4		14.4		45.2		47.1
Restricted		17.9		17.8		-		-		17.9		17.8
Unrestricted		(34.0)		(31.1)		6.2		5.6		(27.8)		(25.6)
Total net position	\$	15.7	\$	19.3	\$	19.6	\$	20.0	\$	35.3	\$	39.3

Analysis of Net Position

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$35.3 million at the close of FY 2017-18. The City's combined net position decreased 10.4%, or \$4 million from the prior fiscal year. This is primarily a result of changes in unrestricted net position of governmental and business-type activities due to the prior fiscal year restatement.

- Net investment in capital assets (e.g. infrastructure, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire assets still outstanding, is \$45.1 million (128% of the total). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to the community; consequently, these assets are not available to for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since generally capital assets are not used to liquidate these liabilities. The City's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$1.9 million (Note 5). The majority of the decrease was attributable to the depreciation of equipment.
- Restricted net position of \$17.9 million (51% of the total) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Of this amount, \$13.9 million represents housing net position with \$1.2 million of that amount representing properties held for housing resale or redevelopment (Note 4).
- Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, increased by \$2.3 million to negative \$27.8 million. Governmental activities unrestricted net position was a negative \$34.0 million (primarily as a result of implementing GASB Statement Nos. 45, 68, 71 and 75), and business-type activities net position was a positive \$6.2 million.

Analysis of Activities

The following table reflects the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 (2018) and June 30, 2017 (2018).

City of Pinole Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	Total % Change
Revenues:		2017		2017		2017	Criarige
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 4,238,689	\$ 3,424,433	\$ 6,524,537	\$ 6,315,563	\$ 10,763,226	\$ 9,739,996	10.5%
Operating grants and							
contributions	11,483,081	227,184	-	-	11,483,081	227,184	4954.5%
Capital grants and							
contributions	-	1,262,813	-	-	-	1,262,813	-100.0%
Total program revenue	15,721,770	4,914,430	6,524,537	6,315,563	22,246,307	11,229,993	98.1%
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property tax	4,555,299	3,491,463	-	-	4,555,299	3,491,463	30.5%
Sales tax	8,327,359	7,596,645	-	-	8,327,359	7,596,645	9.6%
Franchise tax	747,625	762,726	-	-	747,625	762,726	-2.0%
Utility tax	2,293,756	2,066,622	-	-	2,293,756	2,066,622	11.0%
Transient occupancy tax	513,368	478,940	-	-	513,368	478,940	7.2%
Other taxes	457,231	365,346	-	-	457,231	365,346	25.2%
Motor Vehicle in Lieu	1,701,939	1,608,906	-	-	1,701,939	1,608,906	5.8%
Investment Earnings	278,155	15,638	58,958	3,570	337,113	19,208	1655.1%
Miscellaneous	135,059	70,366			135,059	70,366	91.9%
Total general revenues	19,009,791	16,456,652	58,958	3,570	19,068,749	16,460,222	15.8%
Total revenues	34,731,561	21,371,082	6,583,495	6,319,133	41,315,056	27,690,215	49.2%
Expenses:							
General government	3,482,534	5,952,688	-	-	3,482,534	5,952,688	-41.5%
Public safety	12,202,527	10,326,947	-	-	12,202,527	10,326,947	18.2%
Public services	3,217,759	2,568,265	-	-	3,217,759	2,568,265	25.3%
Recreation	1,145,227	1,151,760	-	-	1,145,227	1,151,760	-0.6%
Community development	1,642,031	1,065,848	-	-	1,642,031	1,065,848	54.1%
Interest and fiscal charges	331,464	338,507	-	-	331,464	338,507	-2.1%
Wastewater utility	-	-	5,193,994	4,597,454	5,193,994	4,597,454	13.0%
Total expenses	22,021,542	21,404,015	5,193,994	4,597,454	27,215,536	26,001,469	4.7%
Revenues over (under)							
expenses	12,710,019	(32,933)	1,389,501	1,721,679	14,099,520	1,688,746	734.9%
Changes in Net Position	12,710,019	(32,933)	1,389,501	1,721,679	14,099,520	1,688,746	734.9%
Net position, beginning of							
year, restated	2,941,729	19,340,737	18,233,333	18,292,291	21,175,062	37,633,028	-43.7%
Net position, end of year	\$ 15,651,748	\$ 19,307,804	\$ 19,622,834	\$ 20,013,970	\$ 35,274,582	\$ 39,321,774	-10.3%

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities net position decreased by \$3.7 million accounting for 90% of the total decrease in net position of \$4.0 million. Key elements of the change in net position are as follows:

- The decrease in net position is primarily the result of a prior period adjustment (Note 15) to implement GASB 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits."
- Program revenue reflected an increase of \$10.8 million (220%) over FY 2016-17. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$11.3 million largely due to the sale of property proceeds, capital grants and contributions decreased by \$1.3 million (100%) over the prior fiscal year, while charges for services increased \$0.8 million (23.3%) as result of increase permit and fee revenue resulting from increased development in the Gateway and Appian 80 area.
- General revenue reflected an increase of \$2.6 million (15.5%) over FY 2016-17. This is largely attributable to an increase in Property Tax of \$1.1 million (30%) over FY2016-17, and an increase in Sales Tax of \$0.7 million (9.6%) as a result of an increase in online shopping and delayed apportionment from the county pools to the local agencies. Overall, this is indicative of a continued strengthening of the City's economy with new development, a strong Sales Tax base, and stabilized home sales.

Expenses increased by \$0.6 million (2.9%) in FY 2017-18. The most significant changes were in general government with a decrease of \$2.5 million (-41.5%), public safety with an increase of \$1.9 million (18.2%) and public services with an increase of \$0.6 million (25.3%). These changes are largely due to onetime expenditures in the prior fiscal year with the implementation of new financial software purchased in general government and an increase in public safety FY2017-18 due to one-time vehicle equipment purchases.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$0.4 million accounting for 10% of the total decrease in net position of \$4.0 million. Key elements of the change in net position are as follows:

- As is the case in governmental activities, the decrease in net position is primarily the result of a prior period adjustment (Note 15) to implement GASB 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits."
- The City's sole business-type activity is the operation of its Water Pollution Control Plant (WPCP) Wastewater Utility, which is accounted for in a proprietary-type enterprise fund. The WPCP accounts for the collection, treatment and disposal of wastewater generated by city residents and businesses. The operation and maintenance of the City's Wastewater Utility should be a self-supporting enterprise that is paid for by monthly service charges to all residential and commercial users. The City's business-type activities provide the same type of information as the proprietary fund financial statements, but are presented in a more summarized format.
- Program revenues increased \$0.2 million (3.3%) over the prior fiscal year.
- There was a increase in expenses over the prior fiscal year of \$0.6 million (13%). Depreciation expense is considered a cost of service in proprietary funds, which accounted for \$1.0 million in FY 2017-18 (Note 5).

• The City of Pinole is financing its share of the Water Pollution Control Plant Upgrade project through a low interest loan from the State Revolving Loan Fund. The City has been approved for a loan in the amount of \$26.6 million by the State Water Resources Control Board. In order to repay the loan, the City Council approved Resolution Number 2013-47 with scheduled rate increases over a five year period, beginning July 1, 2013. The 2017 monthly rate for single family residents was \$62.55.

Fund Financial Analysis

The City uses *fund accounting* to segregate accounts for specific activities or objectives, including demonstrating finance-related legal compliance.

Governmental Funds

The following table presents the Governmental Funds' balances as of June 30, 2018:

Governmental Fund Balances

	General		Other Governmental			Total Governmental		
		Fund		Funds		Funds		
Nonspendable	\$	12,669	\$	-	\$	12,669		
Restricted	\$	133,586	\$	18,250,952	\$	18,384,538		
Committed	\$	2,531,677	\$	2,366,429	\$	4,898,106		
Unassigned	\$	23,249,204	\$	(43,673)	\$	23,205,531		
Total Fund Balances	\$	25,927,136	\$	19,688,978	\$	46,500,844		

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions in fiscal year 2010-11 (Note 11). This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

At June 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$46.5 million, which is an increase of \$15.1 million (48.1%) when compared to the prior fiscal year, FY 2016-17. This is primarily the result of sale of the Pinole Assisted Living Community (PALC) property.

Nonspendable fund balances constitute \$13 thousand, (.03%) of the combined governmental fund balance and cannot be spent either because the underlying resources are not in a spendable form or because the government is legally or contractually required to maintain the resources intact.

Restricted fund balances constitute \$18.4 million, (39.5%) of the combined governmental fund balance and are constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision, or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances constitute \$4.9 million (10.5%) of the combined governmental fund balance and are constrained by City Council for reserves for economic uncertainty as well as certain capital projects. Assigned fund balances are intended to be used for specific purposes and have been identified as such by the City Council or the City Manager who has been delegated authority by the City Council to assign amounts. No portion of the governmental fund balances is currently assigned.

Unassigned fund balances constitute \$23.2 million (49.91%) of the combined governmental fund balance and consist of amounts that have not been classified as *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, or *assigned*. **Analysis of Governmental Funds**

General Fund

The designated major Governmental funds in FY 2017-18 are the General Fund and the Housing Fund. A *major fund* is defined as those funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets or liabilities are at least 10 percent of the total for their fund category (governmental or enterprise) and 5 percent of the aggregate of all governmental and enterprise funds in total.

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the City. The General Fund is used to report the financial results of the daily operations of the City. The major revenue sources are Property Tax, Sales Tax, and Utility Users' Tax. The major expenditures are salaries and administrative expenses.

The fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$14.2 million, primarily reflecting sales proceeds from the sale of property of \$10 million, and revenues in excess of expenditures in the current fiscal year of \$5.0 million, offset by other financing uses in the amount of \$0.8 million as a result of operating contributions to other operating funds.

General Fund revenue increased by \$2.9 million (17.3%) this fiscal year. The largest component of this increase is in the Taxes and Assessments revenue category of \$1.9 million (12.9%), and in the Charges for Services category of \$0.9 million (44.2%). This is a result of an increase in police communication fees and license and permit fees related to development.

General Fund expenditures increased \$1.2 million this fiscal year (9%). This is primarily attributed to salary and benefit increases, and increase in capital outlay of \$0.7 million related to vehicle and equipment purchases funded this fiscal year.

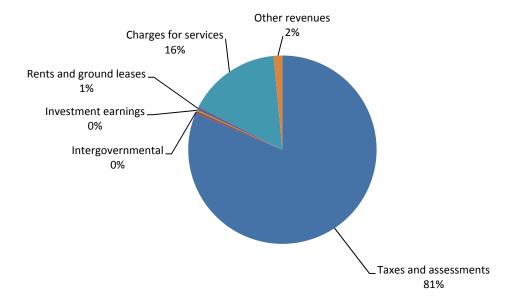
Revenue

The following table highlights the General Fund revenue by source as of June 30, 2018.

Revenue	by	Source
---------	----	--------

	% of Total	FY 2017-18
Taxes and assessments	81%	16,363,136
Intergovernmental	0%	79,426
Investment earnings	0%	48,384
Rents and ground leases	1%	102,811
Charges for services	16%	3,220,215
Other revenues	2%	302,412
Total	100%	20,116,384

Revenue by Source



Expenditures

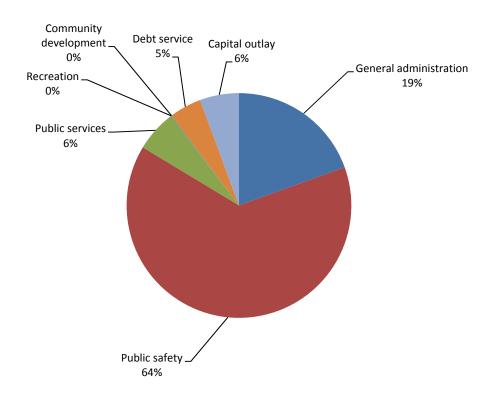
The following table highlights the General Fund expenditures by function as of June 30, 2018.

City of Pinole Expenditures Classified by Function

Expenditures by I	unction
-------------------	---------

-	% of Total	FY 2017-18
General administration	19%	2,941,569
Public safety	64%	9,678,926
Public services	6%	906,391
Recreation	0%	8,458
Community development	0%	8,206
Debt service	5%	693,138
Capital outlay	6%	849,845
Total	100%	15,086,533

Expenditures by Function



Other Governmental Funds

These funds are not presented separately in the Basic Financial statements, but are presented individually as Supplemental Information.

Other governmental funds revenue increased by \$0.2 million this fiscal year as compared to the prior fiscal year. This is largely the result of fees associated with new development in the Gateway Shopping Center and Appian 80.

Other governmental funds expenditures increased by \$0.7 million this fiscal year as compared to the prior fiscal year. This is largely in the community development and capital outlay category as a result of infrastructure projects completed this fiscal year.

Proprietary Fund

Wastewater Utility

The Wastewater Utility Funds net position decreased by \$0.4 million (3.3%) over the prior fiscal year to a total of \$19.6 million. Operating income for FY 2017-18 was \$6.5 million, as revenues increased \$0.2 million, while expenditures increased \$0.6 million.

The Fund's Net Position is comprised of \$13.4 million net investment in capital assets and \$6.2 million in unrestricted net assets at June 30, 2018. The increased rates for the sewage collection and treatment fees have successfully restored positive cash flows to the City's Business-type Activities, stabilizing the fiscal condition of this enterprise activity.

Fiduciary Fund

The Successor Agency to the Pinole Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1x-26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. In accordance with the timeline set forth in the bill, all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

The Successor Agency is a separate legal entity which was formed to hold the assets of the former Redevelopment Agency pursuant to City Council action. The activity of the Successor Agency is overseen by an Oversight Board comprised of individuals appointed by various government agencies (Note 1).

Recognizing the need for short-term borrowing to finance the General Fund cash flow (Working Capital) needs following the fiscal distress resulting from the Economic Recession of 2008, internal borrowing between the City and its former Redevelopment Agency was authorized in April of 2008. The amounts advanced (\$2.5 million) by the Redevelopment Agency will be repaid with interest over a period of no more than fifteen years commencing the 2013-14 fiscal year. Repayment of the debt was secured with a collateralized investment agreement pledging City assets (real property and facilities having commercial value in excess of the amount authorized for the borrowing) against the borrowing. The initial repayment of \$263,300 was made in 2014, and the remaining balance of the Note Payable at June 30, 2018 was \$1,592,071 (Note 6).

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

The City's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 was \$45.1 million. This investment in capital assets includes: infrastructure, land, construction-in-progress, buildings, and improvements, equipment, vehicles, streets and roads, storm drains, bridges, parks, and sewer lines. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value to the City such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items (Note 5).

Net investment in capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

Capital Assets at Year-end

	2018	2017	Net Change		
Governmental Activities					
Land (and Construction-in-progress)	\$ 6,907,421	\$ 6,842,167	\$	65,254	
Buildings & Improvements	16,232,126	16,183,966		48,160	
Equipment	5,029,188	4,640,805		388,383	
Vehicles	3,179,216	2,935,519		243,697	
Streets & Roads	50,184,035	50,184,035		-	
Storm Drains	2,829,488	2,829,488		-	
Bridges	3,117,473	3,117,473		-	
Parks	2,420,246	2,420,246		-	
Less accumulated depreciation	(57,957,289)	(56,158,142)		(1,799,147)	
Totals	\$ 31,941,904	\$ 32,995,557	\$	(1,053,653)	
Business-type activities					
Construction in Progress	\$ 21,370,171	\$ 13,236,260	\$	8,133,911	
Sewer Lines	7,650,185	7,650,185		-	
Buildings & Improvements	20,670,132	20,670,132		-	
Vehicles	578,652	578,652		-	
Equipment	3,272,597	3,272,597		-	
Less accumulated depreciation	(17,420,246)	(16,390,367)		(1,029,879)	
Totals	\$ 36,121,491	\$ 29,017,459	\$	7,104,032	

Debt Administration:

Each of the City's debt issues is discussed in detail in Note 7 to the financial statements. At June 30, 2018 the City's remaining long-term debt is comprised of a Pension Obligation Bond bearing interest rates ranging from 5.67% to 6.12%, and capital equipment leases, as follows:

Outstanding Debt

		Balance	lance Balance			
Governmental Activity Debt:	30-Jun-18		30-Jun-17		N	et Change
Pension Obligation bonds	\$	3,436,175	\$	3,686,615	\$	(250,440)
Capital Lease Obligations		183,490		294,724		(111,234)
Total Debt	\$	3,619,665	\$	3,981,339	\$	(361,674)

Other long-term liabilities include accrued payroll obligations (vested compensated absences accrued).

Other Long-term Liabilities

	E	Balance]	Balance			
Other Long-term Liabilities:	30-Jun-18		3	0-Jun-17	Net Change		
Compensated Absences	\$	656,630	\$	598,774	\$	57,856	
Total Other Long-term Liabilities	\$	656,630	\$	598,774	\$	57,856	

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

The economy of the City and its major initiatives for the coming year are discussed in detail in the accompanying Transmittal Letter (page i-v). The most significant financial initiatives facing the City are, as follows:

- Successful implementation of the **City's Budget Recovery Plan** has eliminated structural deficits between the generation and collection of current period revenues and those on-going expenditures required to sustain basic service levels for all programs and activities.
- Capital Facility and Public Infrastructure projects are progressing according to construction scheduling, with primary focus on repairs to City streets/roadways and renovation of the joint use Wastewater Treatment Plant operated cooperatively with the City of Hercules. The City adopted a Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan on August 21, 2018 which identifies capital needs and funding for the next five years.
- Redevelopment Dissolution activities are progressing with the submission of a Long-Range Property Management Plan and annual Recognized Obligation Payment Schedules to the State Department of Finance. The City's legal complaint against the State regarding Asset Transfers was resolved in May of 2014, based on a Court Ruling. Despite strong language from the Court regarding the unfair consequences of the adopted dissolution legislation, the Judicial Decision was not favorable to the City. In June (2014), the City Council decided that it would not appeal the Court's decision in this matter.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our residential and business community, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Pinole, Finance Department, 2131 Pear Street, Pinole, CA 94564. Alternatively, you may send your inquiries via email to Finance@ci.pinole.ca.us.

This page intentionally left blank

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank

City of Pinole Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Business-Type					
		Activities Activities			Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	40,531,161	\$ 12,224,244	\$	52,755,405	
Accounts receivable	Ψ	3,141,647	460,072	Ψ	3,601,719	
Inventory		12,669	1,198		13,867	
Land held for redevelopment		1,222,070	1,170		1,222,070	
Due from private-purpose trust fund		4,291,575	_		4,291,575	
Capital assets		4,271,575	_		4,271,373	
Land and construction in progress		6,907,421	21,370,171		28,277,592	
Capital assets being depreciated, net		25,034,483	14,751,320		39,785,803	
Total assets		81,141,026	48,807,005		129,948,031	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related amounts		7,969,399	380,762		8,350,161	
OPEB related amounts		1,056,600	117,400		1,174,000	
Total deferred outflows of resources		9,025,999	498,162		9,524,161	
LIABILITIES						
		007.107	1 227 220		2.272.077	
Accounts Payable		936,137	1,337,829		2,273,966	
Unearned revenue		2,137	-		2,137	
Deposits payable		167,933	-		167,933	
Advance from private-purpose trust fund		1,592,071	-		1,592,071	
Long-term liabilities:		442.925	490 490		022 214	
Due within one year		442,825 3,833,470	489,489 22,383,346		932,314	
Due in more than one year Other postemployment benefits		3,633,470	22,363,340		26,216,816	
Due in more than one year		32,029,200	3,558,800		35,588,000	
Net pension liability		32,029,200	3,336,600		33,366,000	
Due in more than one year		29,939,208	1,430,436		31,369,644	
		_				
Total liabilities		68,942,981	29,199,900		98,142,881	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related amounts		2,158,596	103,133		2,261,729	
OPEB related amounts		3,413,700	379,300		3,793,000	
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,572,296	482,433		6,054,729	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		31,758,414	13,381,134		45,139,548	
Restricted for:		01), 00,111	10,001,101		10/10//010	
Streets & roads		1,696,227	_		1,696,227	
Capital Projects		1,486,271	_		1,486,271	
Public Safety		710,568	_		710,568	
Storm Sewer		100,502	_		100,502	
Housing activities		13,944,760	_		13,944,760	
Unrestricted		(34,044,994)	6,241,700		(27,803,294)	
Total net position	\$	15,651,748	\$ 19,622,834	\$	35,274,582	
See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.	Ψ	10,001,740	ψ 17,022,034	Φ	33,214,302	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

City of Pinole Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2018

		Program Revenues							
				О	perating	Ca	pital		_
		Cl	harges for	Gı	rants and	Grants and			
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Contr	ibutions		Total
Primary Government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	3,482,534	\$	648,409	\$	76,259	\$	-	\$	724,668
Public safety	12,202,527		1,435,741		507,426		-		1,943,167
public services	3,217,759		153,810		882,186		-		1,035,996
Recreation	1,145,227		846,822		-		-		846,822
Community development	1,642,031		1,153,907		10,017,210		-		11,171,117
Interest and fiscal charges	331,464								<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities	22,021,542		4,238,689		11,483,081				15,721,770
Business-type activities:									
Wastewater utility	5,193,994		6,524,537						6,524,537
Total business-type activities	5,193,994		6,524,537		_				6,524,537
Total primary government	\$ 27,215,536	\$	10,763,226	\$	11,483,081	\$		\$	22,246,307

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Utility taxes

Transient occupancy tax

Other taxes

Unrestricted motor vehicle in lieu

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year, as restated

Net position - end of year

Primary Government										
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Business-Type										
Activities	Activities	Total								
\$ (2,757,866)	\$ -	\$ (2,757,866)								
(10,259,360)	<u>-</u>	(10,259,360)								
(2,181,763)	-	(2,181,763)								
(298,405)	-	(298,405)								
9,529,086	-	9,529,086								
(331,464)		(331,464)								
(6,299,772)	-	(6,299,772)								
-	1,330,543	1,330,543								
	1,330,543	1,330,543								
(6,299,772)	1,330,543	(4,969,229)								
(=, ==, , , ,		(/ / /								
4,555,299	-	4,555,299								
8,327,359	_	8,327,359								
747,625	_	747,625								
2,293,756	-	2,293,756								
513,368	-	513,368								
457,231	-	457,231								
1,701,939	-	1,701,939								
278,155	58,958	337,113								
135,059		135,059								
19,009,791	58,958	19,068,749								
12,710,019	1,389,501	14,099,520								
2,941,729	18,233,333	21,175,062								

 \$ 15,651,748
 \$ 19,622,834
 \$ 35,274,582

This page intentionally left blank

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements

This page intentionally left blank

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMNTS

General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds, and the related expenditures, The major revenue sources for this fund are property taxes, sales taxes, utility users tax, franchise fees, business licenses, unrestricted revenues from the State, fines and forfeitures and interest income. Expenditures are made for public safety, recreation, and the other services described above.

Housing Programs Fund this fund receives tax increment funds through Redevelopment activity, representing 20% set-aside for housing activities, funds are expended for approved housing activities.

City of Pinole Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Majo	r Fun	nds			
	•		Housing	N	Non-Major	
	General		Programs ecial Revenue	Go	vernmental	
	Fund		Fund		Funds	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 25,270,837	\$	2,239,570	\$	6,823,961	\$ 34,334,368
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	-		6,196,793		-	6,196,793
Accounts receivable	2,277,227		1,533		862,887	3,141,647
Loans receivable	-		-		-	-
Due from other funds	643,540		-		9,113	652,653
Due from private-purpose trust	-		4,291,575		-	4,291,575
Inventory	12,669		-		-	12,669
Land held for redevelopment	 		1,222,070			 1,222,070
Total assets	\$ 28,204,273	\$	13,951,541	\$	7,695,961	\$ 49,851,775
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 645,604	\$	6,781	\$	283,751	\$ 936,136
Unearned revenue	2,137		-		-	2,137
Deposits payable	37,324		-		130,609	167,933
Due to other funds	-		-		652,653	652,653
Advances from private-purpose trust fund	 1,592,071					 1,592,071
Total liabilities	2,277,136		6,781		1,067,013	 3,350,930
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	12,669		-		-	12,669
Restricted	133,586		13,944,760		4,306,192	18,384,538
Assigned	2,531,677		-		2,366,429	4,898,106
Unassigned	 23,249,204				(43,673)	23,205,531
Total fund balances	25,927,136		13,944,760		6,628,948	 46,500,844
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$ 28,204,272	\$	13,951,541	\$	7,695,961	\$ 49,851,774

City of Pinole

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 46,500,844
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the governmental funds above because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$57,957,289	31,941,904
Deferred outflows of resources related to changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities are not reported in the governmental funds	9,025,999
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Long-term debt	(4,276,295)
Net OPEB obligation	(32,029,200)
Net pension liability	(29,939,208)
Deferred inflows related to changes in the net pension liability	 (5,572,296)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,651,748

City of Pinole Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Major Funds						
		,		Housing			
		General		Programs cial Revenue	Gov	vernmental	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	Totals
REVENUES:							
Taxes and assessments Intergovernmental revenues Loan repayments	\$	16,363,136 79,426	\$	- - 15,023	\$	236,251 1,381,229	\$ 16,599,387 1,460,655 15,023
Contributions		5,950		15,025		24,645	30,595
Investment earnings		48,384		13,610		26,098	88,092
Rents and ground leases		102,811		72,253		128,554	303,618
Charges for services		3,220,215		4,700		2,082,319	5,307,234
Fines, forfeitures and penalties Other revenues		41,279 255,183		5,500		34,391 573,403	75,670 834,086
Total revenues		20,116,384	-	111,086		4,486,890	24,714,360
EXPENDITURES:		20/110/001		111,000		1/100/070	21/11/000
Current:							
General government		2,941,569		-		315,651	3,257,220
Public Safety		9,678,926		=		856,977	10,535,903
Public services		906,391		-		578,699	1,485,090
Recreation		8,458		-		951,867	960,325
Community development Capital outlay		8,206 849,845		563,889		1,024,145 248,944	1,596,240 1,098,789
Debt service:		049,043		-		240,944	1,090,709
Principal		361,674		_		_	361,674
Interest and fiscal charges		331,464					331,464
Total expenditures		15,086,533		563,889		3,976,283	19,626,705
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		5,029,851		(452,803)		510,607	5,087,655
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from sale of asset		10,017,210		-		-	10,017,210
Transfers in		(02 (02 ()		-		826,926	826,926
Transfers out		(826,926)		<u>-</u>			 (826,926)
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,190,284				826,926	 10,017,210
Net change in fund balances		14,220,135		(452,803)		1,337,533	15,104,865
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		11,707,001		14,397,563		5,291,415	 31,395,979
End of year	\$	25,927,136	\$	13,944,760	\$	6,628,948	\$ 46,500,844

City of Pinole

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 15,104,865
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation as expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized	\$ 745,494	
Depreciation expense	(1,799,147)	
Total capital assets	\$ (1,053,653)	(1,053,653)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but		
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position: Capital lease obligation principal payments	\$ 111,234	
Bond principal payments	 250,440	
Total	\$ 361,674	361,674
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Accrued compensated absences	(57,856)	
Amortization of prepaid bond insurance premium	(44,800)	
Net difference between OPEB expense and contributions subsequent at the measurement date	(524,700)	
Net difference between pension expense and contributions subsequent at the measurement date	 (1,075,511)	
Total	\$ (1,702,867)	(1,702,867)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 12,710,019

This page intentionally left blank

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMNTS

Wastewater Utility fund this fund accounts for wastewater utility services provided by the City and it is the City's intent that the cost of providing these services be financed primarily through user charges.

City of Pinole Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	12,224,244
Accounts receivable		460,072
Inventory		1,198
Total current assets		12,685,514
Noncurrent assets:		
Construction in progress		21,370,171
Capital assets being depreciated, net		14,751,320
Total assets	\$	48,807,005
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension and OPEB related amounts		498,162
Total deferred inflows of resources		498,162
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	1,337,829
Compensated absences - current		15,119
Bonds payable - current		298,000
Notes payable - current		176,370
Total current liabilities		1,827,318
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences - noncurrent		117,359
Net OPEB Liability		3,558,800
Bonds payable - noncurrent		7,278,000
Notes payable - noncurrent		14,987,987
Net Pension Liability		1,430,436
Total noncurrent liabilities		27,372,582
Total liabilities		29,199,900
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension and OPEB related amounts		482,433
Total deferred inflows of resources		482,433
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		13,381,134
Unrestricted		6,241,700
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	19,622,834

City of Pinole

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2018

	A Waste	iness-type ctivities water Utility prise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services	\$	6,521,100
Other operating revenue		3,437
Total operating revenues		6,524,537
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Sewer Treatment Plant Sewer Maintenance Depreciation		3,791,106 147,039 1,029,880
Total operating expenses		4,968,025
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS):		1,556,512
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest revenue Interest expense		58,958 (225,969)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(167,011)
Change in net position		1,389,501
NET POSITION:		
Beginning of year, as restated		18,233,333
End of year	\$	19,622,834

City of Pinole

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	6,421,987 (3,569,273) (656,502)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,196,212
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital debt drawdowns Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		8,377,758 (8,133,911) (290,000) (225,969)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(272,122)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest and dividends		58,958
Net cash provided by investing activities		58,958
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,983,048
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
Beginning of year		10,241,196
End of year	\$	12,224,244
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	1,556,512
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets:		1,029,880
Accounts receivables Prepaid items		(102,550) 575
Inventory Deferred outflows of resources: pension Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		4,166 (234,201)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable		(565,926)
Compensated absences		14,131
Net OPEB liability		(302,200)
Net Pension Liability		193,610
Deferred inflow of resources		602,215
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,196,212

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

City of Pinole Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Age	ncy Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,971,096	\$	97,999
Accounts receivable	9,236		-
Notes receivable, net of allowance	356,289		-
Advances to other funds	1,592,071		-
Land held for redevelopment	3,151,254		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,410,193		
Total assets	22,490,139	\$	97,999
LIABILITIES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	5,764	\$	-
Funds held in trust	153		97,999
Due to City	4,291,575		-
Due to County	18		-
Interest Payable	225,370		-
Bonds payable	23,605,000		-
Total liabilities	28,127,880	\$	97,999
Net Position			
Held in trust for dissolution of RDA	(5,637,741)	_	
Total net position	\$ (5,637,741)		

City of Pinole

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position All Fiduciary Funds - Private Purpose Trust Fund For the year ended June 30, 2018

ADDITIONS:	Successor Agency Former Pinole Redevelopment Agency	
Property taxes	\$	3,047,052
Investment income		15,739
Other revenues		86,435
Total additions		3,149,226
DEDUCTIONS:		
Operating cost		269,150
Depreciation		284,453
Debt interest		539,700
Total Deductions		1,093,303
Change in fiduciary net position		2,055,923
NET ASSETS:		
Beginning of year		(7,693,664)
End of year	\$	(5,637,741)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Pinole was incorporated June 25, 1903. The City is primarily a residential community located in Contra Costa County, twenty-four miles east of San Francisco on Interstate 80. The City provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), parks, streets and highways, sanitation and health services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administration services. The City's population has remained relatively stable for some years; population at June 30, 2018 was 19,234.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government, with five elected Council members served by a full-time City Manager and staff. At June 30, 2018, the City's staff comprised 100 full-time and 39 part-time employees who are responsible for the following City-provided services:

Public Safety - The City employs 28 sworn and 13 non-sworn police personnel to provide round-the-clock police services from a central station, and 15 personnel to provide round-the-clock fire services from one fire station.

Sanitation and Health Service - The City maintains a sewage treatment plant with 13 employees, the plant provides wastewater treatment services to the residents of the City of Pinole and the City of Hercules.

Parks, Streets and Highways - The City builds and maintains its streets, curbs, gutters, parks and related public property with a force of 11 employees. Major projects may be contracted out to reduce costs.

Recreation, Public Improvements, Planning, Zoning, Administration - Recreation, Public Improvements, Planning, Zoning, Administration and other services are provided by a total of 49 employees.

The financial statements and accounting policies of the City conform with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting policies are summarized below:

A. The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activities of the City along with the financial activities of its blended component unit, which is an entity for which the City is financially accountable. Together these entities comprise the primary government for reporting purposes. Although they are separate legal entities, a blended component unit is in substance part of the City's operations and is reported as an integral part of the City's financial statements. The City's component unit, which is described below, is all blended.

City of Pinole Joint Powers Financing Authority

The Pinole Joint Powers Financing Authority (Authority) is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the financing or refinancing of public capital facilities within the City. The Authority has the power to purchase bonds issued by any local agency and may sell such bonds to public or private purchasers. The Authority is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The financial activities of the Authority are included in the Wastewater Utility Fund and the Private-Purpose Trust Fund.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

These statements require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include the activities of the overall City government except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and its blended component unit. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories with each major fund displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

City of Pinole Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Presentation, Continued

b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purpose other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - Debt service funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - Capital project funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Fiduciary Funds (not included in government-wide statements):

<u>Agency Fund</u> - Agency Funds are clearing type funds for the collection of taxes or deposits held in trust, on behalf of individuals, private organizations and other governments. The funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private purpose trust funds are used to report all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Major Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

City of Pinole Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Presentation, Continued

<u>Housing Programs Fund</u> - This fund receives tax increment funds from the Successor Agency representing 20% set-aside for housing activities; funds are expended for approved housing activities.

<u>Wastewater Utility Fund</u> - The City has one enterprise fund, which is a major fund. This fund is used to account for the collection of sewer service fees and the related cost of maintenance and repair of the sewer treatment plant.

The City also reports the following fund types:

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for other governmental units or individuals.

<u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> - This fund was created as a result of the State order to dissolve California Redevelopment Agencies. As a Successor Agency, this fund is used to track the activity by the Oversight Board and the State Department of Finance to dissolve the Agency. Separate audited financial statements for the Successor Agency may be obtained from the City.

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

- b. The government-wide financial statements utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. As agency funds report only assets and liabilities, they do not have a measurement focus. However, they use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. The "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used for trust funds.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. In addition, all fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City defines available to be within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds for governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest and charges for services. Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position are available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Basis of Accounting, Continued

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from Nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer and enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as Nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Property Taxes

California Constitution Article XIII A, limits the combined property tax rate to one percent of a property's assessed valuation. Additional taxes may be imposed with voter approval. Assessed value is calculated at one hundred percent of a property's fair value, as defined by Article XIII A, and may be increased no more than two percent per year unless a change in ownership occurs. The state legislature has determined the method of distributing the one percent tax levy among the various taxing jurisdictions.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes and assessments are levied. The County of Contra Costa levies, bills and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City under the County's "Teeter Plan." The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties.

Tax collections are the responsibility of the County Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on February 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the tax becomes delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the County for late payment.

Tax levy dates are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured and personal property, as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

E. Cash and Investments

The City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agents in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. As the City places no restrictions on the deposit or withdrawal of a particular fund's equity in the pool, the pool operates like a demand deposit account for the participating funds.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on month-end balances and is adjusted at fiscal year-end. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related funds.

The City's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from SEC-registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. LAIF determines the fair value of their portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the City; the City applies that factor to convert its share of LAIF from amortized cost to fair value. This amount is included in cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the governmental funds. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the City's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

F. Accounts and Interest Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines and other fees. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrue as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Long-term loans in governmental funds are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenues in the year repayment is measurable and available. Loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are offset by deferred inflows of resources to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables.

G. Prepaid Expenses and Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost (average cost per unit) for governmental and proprietary funds. Supplies of the General Fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure/expense in the General Fund at the time individual items are consumed, rather than purchased. Inventories of governmental funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute resources available for future appropriation. Enterprise Fund supplies consist primarily of items held for internal use.

Prepaid items are also recognized under the consumption method. Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements:

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets with a historical cost over \$5,000 are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, while accumulated depreciation is reflected in the Statement of Net Position. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings	50 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Streets and roads	50 years
Bridges	75 years
Street drainage	100 years
Parks	70 years
Wastewater infrastructure	50 years

H. Capital Assets, Continued

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

I. Long Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities, and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Initial issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the lives of the refunding debt or remaining life of the refunded debt. Bond issuance costs, except for insurance, are expensed in the period incurred. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, insurance costs, and deferred amounts on refunding is included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unused vacation leave and compensatory time off, which are accrued as earned. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for governmental funds and the Statement of Net Position for proprietary funds as appropriate. A liability is calculated for all the costs of compensated absences based upon benefits earned by employees in the current period for which there is a probability of payment at termination. The salary and related payroll costs are those in effect at June 30, 2018. The amount of accrued sick pay is not due upon termination and therefore is not recorded as a liability for the City. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Continued

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2017

Measurement Period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

N. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

O. Net Position and Fund Equity

Government-wide Statements

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three categories. These categories apply only to net position, which is determined at the government-wide level, and are described below:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that are restricted for specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (Resolution) of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (City Council).
- d. Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Pursuant to City Council Resolution 2011-71, the designation of assignments of fund balance is determined by the City Manager.
- e. Unassigned Amounts representing the residual classification for the general fund and residual negative fund balance of special revenue and capital project funds.

Further detail about the City's fund balance classification is described in Note 11.

P. Grant Funding

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. The City's policy is to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Q. Revenues for Enterprise Activities

Operating revenues for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing or investing activities.

R. Deferred Compensation

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under these Plans, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the Plan.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the City's property and are not subject to City control, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

T. Reclassifications

Certain accounts in prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

U. Implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

Effective July 1, 2017, the City implemented the following accounting and financial reporting standards:

➤ GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - The objective of this statement is to address reporting by governments that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. The City restated its beginning net position as part of implementation of this statement.

T. Implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statements, Continued

- ➤ GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the City for the current fiscal year.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). There was no effect on net position as a result of implementation of this statement.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues The objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the City for the current fiscal year.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for all funds. Certain restricted funds that are held and invested by independent outside custodians through contractual agreements are not pooled. These restricted funds include cash and investment held by trustees.

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2018 were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Cash &		
	Investments		
Governmental activities	\$	40,531,161	
Business-type activities		12,224,244	
Total government-wide cash and investments		52,755,405	
Fiduciary activities		5,069,095	
Total cash and investments	\$	57,824,500	

A. Summary of Cash and Investments, Continued

Cash and investments were carried at fair value as of June 30, 2018 and consisted of the following:

Cash on hand Deposits with financial institution	\$ 3,316 3,379,318
Total Cash on hand and deposits	3,382,634
Money Market	29,876,397
Local Agency Investment funds	12,236,782
CalTrust	3,093,694
Investments Held by custodian	9,234,993
Total investments	54,441,866
Total Cash & Investments	\$ 57,824,500

B. Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's cash deposit was \$3,379,318 at June 30 2018. Balance before reconciling amounts were a positive amount of \$3,446,479 at June 30, 2018. The City has waived collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The remaining amount was collateralized with securities pledged by the pledging financial institution in the City's name.

The California Government Code (Code) requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. The Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

Investments are reported at fair value. California statutes authorize Cities to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restricted) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The City's permissible investments include the following instruments:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	40%	None
Repurchases Agreements	30 days	10%	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	10%
Commercial Paper (Minimum rating of "A" or higher)	180 days	15%	None
Medium Term corporate Notes (Minimum rating of "AA" or higher)	5 years	15%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit issued in California	5 years	10%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Insured savings account or money market account	N/A	None	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	None
Restricted Real Estate Asset Sale rated "AAA" or higher	10 years	15%	None

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt issuances held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
State of Municipal Bonds or Notes rated "AA" or better	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements rated "A" or better	30 days	None	None
Investment Agreements and Contracts	None	None	None
Money Market Funds rated "AA-m" or better	N/A	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	None	None	None
Commercial Paper rated "A-1" or better	None	None	None
Federal Funds or Bankers Acceptances	1 year	None	None
Local Agency Investment fund (LAIF)	None	None	None

E. Investment Valuation

Investments (except money market accounts that are included as part of restricted cash and investments) are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2018:

	Total Fair	Total Fair Fair Value Measurements		ts Using
Investments	Value	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs
Federal agency securities	\$ 2,893,196	\$ -	\$ 2,893,195	\$ -
Municipal bonds	94,870	-	94,870	-
Corporate notes	902,329	-	902,329	-
Certificates of Deposit	3,760,363	-	3,760,363	-
Mutual Funds	1,584,236	·	1,584,236	-
Total	9,234,994	\$ -	\$ 9,234,993	\$ -
Investments not subject to levelling				
Money Market	29,876,397			
Local Agency Investment Fund	12,236,782			
Caltrust	3,093,694			
	\$ 54,441,866			

Level 2 inputs are valued based on matrix pricing which use observable market inputs such as yield curves and market indices that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation to other means.

F. Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

F. Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk, Continued

The sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2018:

	Remaining Maturity			
	12 Months or less	1-5 years	Fair Value	
Money Market	\$ 29,876,397	\$ -	\$ 29,876,397	
Local Agency Investment Fund	12,236,782	-	12,236,782	
Caltrust	3,093,694	-	3,093,694	
Securities of U.S. Government				
Federal agency securities	=	2,893,196	2,893,196	
Municipal bonds	=	94,870	94,870	
Corporate notes	=	902,329	902,329	
Certificates of deposit	371,528	3,388,835	3,760,363	
Mutual funds	1,584,236		1,584,236	
Total	\$ 47,162,636	\$ 7,279,230	\$ 54,441,866	

The City has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations as of June 30, 2018.

G. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the fiscal year for each investment type.

		Rating as of Fiscal Year End			
	_	S&P	Moody's	N/A	
Money Market	\$ 29,876,397			Not rated	
Local Agency Investment Fund	12,236,782			Not rated	
Caltrust	3,093,694	Aaf/S1			
Securities of U.S. Government					
Federal Agency Securities	955,981	AA+	Aaa		
Federal Agency Securities	486,650	AA+	AA2		
Federal Agency Securities	484,955	AA+	AA3		
Federal Agency Securities	965,610	AA+	AA4		
Corporate Notes	491,305	AA+	Aa1		
Corporate Notes	411,024	AA+	AA2		
Certificates of Deposit	3,760,363			Not rated	
Municipal Bonds	94,870	AA-	AA3		
Mutual funds	 1,584,236			Not rated	
Total	\$ 54,441,866				

H. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The City complies with the limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Repor	rted Amount
Federal Home Loan Banks	Federal Agency Securities	\$	955,981
Federal National Mortgage Assn.	Federal Agency Securities		486,650
Federal Farm Credit Banks	Federal Agency Securities		484,955
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	Federal Agency Securities		965,610
Apple Inc.	Corporate Note		491,305
Berkshire	Corporate Note		411,024

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value for its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

I. Investment in State and County Investment Pools

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2018 and 2017, include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

Structured Notes – are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or have embedded forwards or options.

Asset-Backed Securities – the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2018, the City had \$12,336,782 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.67% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities as compared to 2.89% in the previous year. The LAIF fair value factor of 0.998126869 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF.

Interest income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest. Interest is allocated quarterly based on the average ending cash balances for the previous three months in each fund receiving interest.

3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

The City engages in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to businesses, homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms.

The balances of notes and loans receivable, net of allowance, has been offset in the fund financial statements by deferred inflows of resources as they are not expected to be repaid during fiscal year 2018.

These notes and loans receivable, including interest, comprised of the following at June 30, 2018 and are explained in detail below:

			Less: Allowance for	
	No	tes Receivable	Do	oubtful Notes
Housing Rehabilitation	\$	93,494	\$	(93,494)
First Time Home-Buyer		443,936		(443,936)
Bridge Housing Loan		971,482		(971,482)
Alvarez Court		1,654,417		(1,654,417)
Eastbuff Apartment Loan		1,025,341		(1,025,341)
Pinole Assisted Living Community		26,193,103		(26,193,103)
Total	\$	30,381,773	\$	(30,381,773)

A. Housing Rehabilitation

The City has provided loans to various homeowners for rehabilitation of property. These loans are secured by second deeds of trust on the property and have a range of interest rates from 2% to 6% with a maximum fifteen-year term. The balance of these notes receivable totaled \$93,494 at June 30, 2018.

B. First Time Home-Buyer

In 1995, the City implemented a first time homebuyer program designed to encourage home ownership among low-income persons by providing down payment assistance. Under this program, loans are provided at no interest and are due upon sale or transfer of the property, refinance or payoff of the first mortgage, recordation of a third mortgage or default of the first mortgage. At the time of the loan repayment, the City shares in equity appreciation based on the City's loan share of the original purchase price. The balance of the notes receivable arising from this program at June 30, 2018 was \$443,936.

C. Bridge Housing

The Agency assisted Bridge Housing Corporation with its acquisition and development of the Pinole Grove Senior Housing Project by providing \$900,000 in the form of land and cash in return for a note bearing simple interest at a rate of 4% per year, secured by a deed of trust on the Project.

Principal and interest are due annually, but are payable only from surplus cash flow as defined in the note. The Project is not expected to generate a surplus cash flow and under the terms of the note, any unpaid principal and interest remaining at the expiration of the note in the year 2024 will be forgiven if Bridge Housing maintains the affordability of the project for an additional nineteen years. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance was \$971,482.

City of Pinole Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2018

3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

D. Alvarez Court

In August 2000, the City approved a loan of up to \$609,000 to assist the Resources for Community Development with the development of a housing project for persons with disabilities. In August 2002 the City amended the loan agreement, increasing the loan amount to \$988,000. The term of the loan is 40 years from the date of final closing by Housing and Urban Development, bearing a simple interest at a rate of 4% and is secured by first deed of trust. As of June 30, 2018, the total outstanding balance was \$1,654,417.

E. Eastbluff Apartments

In 1996, the Pinole Redevelopment Agency assisted Eastbluff Associates with its development of the Eastbluff Apartments by providing \$975,000 in exchange for a note. The note was renegotiated in June 1998 and is secured by a deed of trust. The note bears an annual compound interest rate of 7.5% for a term of 55 years or until the property is sold. Payments are the greater of \$63,375 per year or 50% of the surplus cash flow as defined in the terms of the Note. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance was \$1,025,340.

F. Pinole Assisted Living Community

Pinole Assisted Living Community (PALC) is a tax-exempt non-profit corporation that constructed and operates a 72-unit-assisted-living facility for the elderly known as Pinole Valley Assisted Living. PALC is governed by a five-member Board of Directors; two of these members are City representatives.

The PALC facility is located on land leased from the Pinole Redevelopment Agency under the terms of a lease signed in 1999. The cost of the facility was borne by the City out of the proceeds of its 1999 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds issue. Under the terms of the PALC lease and related agreements, PALC is to reimburse the City for these costs and to pay for the lease and for emergency services rendered by the City. Unpaid amounts accrue interest at rates set forth in the agreements.

The facility was opened in early 2001, until recently occupancy rates had not reached levels that covered operating costs. As a result, PALC has made limited payments required under its lease or other agreements with the City. During the fiscal year, PALC sold the facility and paid the City the proceeds from the sale to satisfy its obligation. The PALC loan is not settled as of 6/30/2018. The City decided not to adjust the outstanding balances of the note receivable for the proceeds received until it is able to determine the legally outstanding note receivable amount based on the settlement proceeding that is still ongoing.

City of Pinole Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2018

3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

G. Allowance for Doubtful Notes

The City has several programs under which it extends loans to qualifying individuals or groups for the purpose of improving the City's housing stock and/or its supply of low-and-moderate income housing. Some of these loans provide for the eventual forgiveness of the loan balance if the borrower complies with all the terms of the loan over its full term. The City has provided a 100% allowance for all notes receivable subject to long-term deferral and/or payment from future refinancing as well as all notes receivable having subordination provisions, except for those accounts that have current payment activity and are not delinquent at June 30, 2018.

4. LAND HELD FOR HOUSING

At June 30, 2018, the City held the following properties for resale or redevelopment with a total value of \$1,222,070:

811 San Pablo Avenue

612 Tennent Avenue

2100/2150 San Pablo Avenue

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	7/1/2017	Additions	Retirements	Retirements Transfers	
Governmental activities:					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 6,837,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,837,195
Construction in progress	4,972	65,254			70,226
Total nondepreciable assets	6,842,167	65,254		-	6,907,421
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	16,183,966	48,160	-	-	16,232,126
Equipment	4,640,805	388,383	-	-	5,029,188
Vehicles	2,935,519	243,697	-	-	3,179,216
Streets and roads	50,184,035	-	-	-	50,184,035
Storm drains	2,829,488	-	-	-	2,829,488
Bridges	3,117,473	-	-	-	3,117,473
Parks	2,420,246				2,420,246
Total capital assets being depreciated	82,311,532	680,240	-	-	82,991,772
Less accumulated depreciation	56,158,142	1,799,147			57,957,289
Net depreciable assets	26,153,390	(1,118,907)			25,034,483
Total net capital assets	\$32,995,557	\$ (1,053,653)	\$ -	\$ -	\$31,941,904

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

General administration	\$ 54,695	
Public safety	510,052	
Public Services	1,116,419	
Recreation	114,961	
Community development	3,020	
	\$ 1,799,147	

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

	Balance				Balance
	7/1/2017	Additions	Deletions	Deletions Transfers	
Business-type activities					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Construction in progress	\$13,236,260	\$ 8,133,911	\$ -	\$ -	\$21,370,171
Total nondepreciable assets	13,236,260	8,133,911			21,370,171
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and improvements	20,670,132	-	-	-	20,670,132
Sewer lines	7,650,185	-	-	-	7,650,185
Equipment	3,272,597	-	-	-	3,272,597
Vehicles	578,652				578,652
Total depreciable assets	32,171,566	-	-	-	32,171,566
Less accumulated depreciation	16,390,366	1,029,880			17,420,246
Net depreciable assets	15,781,200	(1,029,880)			14,751,320
Total net capital assets	\$29,017,460	\$ 7,104,031	\$ -	\$ -	\$36,121,491

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

Wastewater Utility \$ 1,029,880 \$ 1,029,880

6. ADVANCES TO/ADVANCES FROM PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND

On May 6, 2008 the City Council and former Pinole Redevelopment Agency approved a resolution for the former Pinole Redevelopment Agency to advance the City \$2,500,000 to provide sufficient working capital to address the structural deficit in the City's General Fund. The terms of the advance, as amended in April of 2011, provide for the payment of interest at the rate of 3.8% over 15 years and additional one-year deferral of commencement of payments to fiscal year 2014. The agreement terms allow for a capitalized interest payment deferral period of three years followed by amortization of the principal and interest in equal annual payments of \$263,300 for the succeeding twelve years. As of June 30, 2018 the balance outstanding on the advance was \$1,592,071

An advance of \$4,291,575 from the Housing Program Fund was to assist the Successor Agency with administrative, operation, and program cost.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities related to governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance						Balance	(Current
	June 30, 2017	A	ddition	Re	tirements	Ju	ne 30, 2018]	Portion
Governmental Activity Debt:							_		
2006 Pension Obligation Bond	\$ 3,686,615	\$	-	\$	(250,440)	\$	3,436,175	\$	241,322
Capital Lease Obligations	294,724		-		(111,234)		183,490		114,795
Compensated Absences	598,774		599,070		(541,214)		656,630		86,708
Total Governmental Activity Debt	\$ 4,580,113	\$	599,070	\$	(902,888)	\$	4,276,295	\$	442,825

A description of the long-term liabilities related to governmental activities at June 30, 2018 follows:

Pension Obligation Bonds

In June 2006 the City authorized the issuance of \$16,800,000 of 2006 Series A-1 and A-2 Bonds. The Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds in the aggregate principal of \$6,214,630 were issued to finance the City's unfunded accrued actuarial liability with CalPERS. Repayment on the Bonds will be from General Fund revenues Non voter-approved debt. Principal payments are due annually in June until 2036. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Year Ending	2006 Pension Obligation Bond				
June 30,		Principal	Interest		
2019	\$	241,322	\$	278,678	
2020		233,014		301,986	
2021		227,389		327,611	
2022		221,565		353,435	
2023		215,586		379,414	
2024-2028		984,628		2,285,372	
2029-2033		854,456		2,985,544	
2034-2036		458,216		2,161,784	
Total	\$	3,436,175	\$	9,073,825	
Due within one year	\$	241,322	\$	278,678	
Due after one year		3,194,854		8,795,146	
Total	\$	3,436,175	\$	9,073,825	

Capital Lease Obligations

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of capital assets. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of inception date.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

The assets acquired through the capital lease for governmental activities are as follows:

Equipment	\$ 402,514
Less: Accumulated amortization	(219,024)
Net Book Value	183,490

Future annual payments on capitalized lease obligations are as follows:

Year Ending	Capital Leases				
June 30,	F	Principal	Interest		
2010	Ф	44.505	ф	5.40 0	
2019	\$	114,795	\$	5,420	
2020		68,695		1,738	
Total	\$	183,490	\$	7,158	
Due within one year	\$	114,795	\$	5,420	
Due after one year		68,695		1,738	
Total	\$	183,490	\$	7,158	

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unused vacation leave and compensatory time off, which are accrued as earned. No compensation is payable for sick leave. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded in various governmental funds as appropriate. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually.

The net changes of the long-term portion of accrued vacation and sick leave liabilities are allocated among departments on the statement of activities as follows:

	1	Balance					1	Balance	(Current	
	Jun	e 30, 2017	Additions		Additions Retirements		June 30, 2018		Portion		
General Administration	\$	91,612	\$	77,251	\$	(49,943)	\$	118,920	\$	9,769	Α
Public Safety		356,993		416,855		(403,339)		370,509		57,160	A
Public Services		94,068		64,798		(48,934)		109,932		8,914	В
Recreation		30,985		26,871		(29,027)		28,829		7,254	В
Community Development		25,116		13,295		(9,971)		28,440		3,611	В
Total	\$	598,774	\$	599,070	\$	(541,214)	\$	656,630	\$	86,708	-

The following funds have been used to liquidate compensated absences:

A -General Fund B- Non-Major Funds

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

B. Business-type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities related to business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

	Balance			Balance	Current
	June 30, 2017	Addition	Retirements	June 30, 2018	Portion
Business-type Activity Debt:					
2016 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bond	\$ 7,866,000	\$ -	\$ (290,000)	\$ 7,576,000	\$ 298,000
2016 Clean Water State Revolving Fund	6,786,599	8,377,758	-	15,164,357	-
Compensated Absences	118,347	112,530	(98,399)	132,478	15,119
Total Business-Type Activity Debt	\$ 14,652,599	\$ 8,377,758	\$ (290,000)	\$ 22,740,357	\$ 298,000

A description of the long-term liabilities related to business-type activities at June 30, 2018 is as follows:

2016 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds

On June 30, 2016, the City of Pinole issued an \$8,251,000 2016 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bond (Bank Qualified) to redeem its 2006 Wastewater Revenue Bonds. The bonds bear annual interest at 2.95% which is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year through 2036. Principal payments are due annually beginning on September 1, 2016 through 2036. The bond is secured with pledged net wastewater revenues. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Year Ending	2016 Wastewater Revenue				
June 30,		Principal	Interest		
		_			
2019	\$	298,000	\$	219,097	
2020		310,000		210,129	
2021		318,000		200,866	
2022		329,000		191,322	
2023		341,000		181,440	
2014-2028		1,857,000		748,489	
2029-2033		2,150,000		453,504	
2034-2037		1,973,000		118,634	
Total	\$	7,576,000	\$	2,323,479	
Due within one year	\$	298,000	\$	219,097	
Due after one year		7,278,000		2,104,383	
Total	\$	7,576,000	\$	2,323,479	

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

B. Business-type Activities, Continued

2016 Clean Water State Revolving Fund

In May 2016, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board to provide funding for its 50% share of upgrades to the Pinole-Hercules Wastewater Pollution Control Plant to achieve compliance with Regional Water Quality Board NPDES. Funds are drawn on the agreement as work is completed up to a maximum amount of \$26.7 million plus any construction period interest. The loan accrues interest at a rate of 1.7 percent annually. Annual principal payments are due each August 31, commencing August 31, 2019. Final payment is due August 2048. Net revenues, defined as all sewer enterprise fund revenues less operations and maintenance costs (excluding depreciation and amortization expenses), is pledged for future debt service. For the year ended June 30, 2018 the City incurred a total cost of \$8,377,758, and submitted a drawdown request for this amount. As such, at June 30, 2018, the total debt outstanding on the loan is \$15,164,357.

Year Ending	2016 Clean Water State Revolving				
June 30,	Principal	Interest			
2020	\$ 354,750	\$ 200,819			
2021	407,962	231,102			
2022	406,192	244,506			
2023	412,775	237,923			
2024	419,793	230,906			
2025-2029	2,208,468	1,045,023			
2030-2034	2,402,679	850,811			
2035-2039	2,613,970	639,521			
2040-2044	2,843,841	409,649			
2045-2048	3,093,927	159,563			
Total	\$ 15,164,357	\$ 4,249,823			

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Description of Transfer	A	Amount
General Fund	Lighting & Landscape Districts	Fund Business Assistance Program	\$	5,000
General Fund	Cable Television Fund	Cable TV contribution		29,095
General Fund	Arterial Streets Rehabilitation Fund	Fund portion of Arterial Streets project		250,000
General Fund	City Street Improvements Fund	Fund future street projects		225,000
General Fund	Recreation Fund	Swim Center contribution		33,888
General Fund	Fire Department Grant Fund	Grant reimbursements		228,943
General Fund	Cable Access TV Fund	Cable TV contribution		55,000
			\$	826,926

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

A. Interfund Transfers to/from Other Funds, Continued

Intra-fund transfers are not presented on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the governmental funds as they are presented on a net basis.

B. Due to/from Other Funds

Current interfund balances arise from one fund advancing monies to another fund with the intent of being repaid in the next fiscal year. The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Due To	Due From	Description of Due From/Due to		Amount
Major Governmental Funds				
General Fund	Police Grants Fund	Deficit cash balance	\$	114,014
General Fund	Storm Water Fund	Deficit cash balance		21,058
General Fund	Public Works Capital	Deficit cash balance		
	Projects Fund			420,946
General Fund	Cable TV Fund	Deficit cash balance		87,522
		Total Major Governmental due		
		From/Due To		643,540
Non-Major Governmental Funds Public Management Agencies				
Public Works Capital	Croswth Impact Fund	Deficit cash balance		0.112
Projects Fund	Growth Impact Fund			9,113
		Total Non-Major Governmental		
		Due From/To		9,113
		Totals Governmental Due		
		From/Due To	\$	652,653

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors five rate plans (two miscellaneous and three safety).

A. General Information about the Pension Plans, Continued

Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (age 52 for Miscellaneous Plan members if membership date is on or after January 1, 2013) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non- duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Special Death Benefit (Safety only), the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect for the year ended June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	N	Miscellaneous-Classic	Miscellaneous-PEPRA
Hire Date		Prior to July 1, 2013	On or after July 1, 2013
Benefit vesting schedule		5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payment		Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age		55	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary		2.5%	2.0%
Required employee contribution rates		8.00%	6.250%
Required employer contribution rates*		10.110%	6.533%
Required UAL payment	\$	702,357	\$ 1,433
		Safety -Classic	Safety -PEPRA (Fire)
Hire Date		Prior to July 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit vesting schedule		5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments		Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age		55	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary		3.0%	2.7%
Required employee contribution rates		9.000%	11.500%
Required employer contribution rates (Police)*		17.875%	11.990%
Required UAL payment (Police)	\$	709,280	\$ 1,534
			Safety -PEPRA (Police)
Hire Date			On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit vesting schedule			5 years service
Benefit payments			Monthly for life
Retirement age			57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary			2.7%
Required employee contribution rates			11.500%
Required employer contribution rates (Police)*			11.990%
Required UAL payment (Police)			\$ 1,621

^{*} The employer contribution rate reflects the employer's normal cost rate and does not include unfunded accrued liability.

A. General Information about the Pension Plans, Continued

<u>Contributions</u> - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

The City's contribution to the Plan for the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 was \$2,067,225.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2018, the City reported net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$31,369,644.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2016 and 2017 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2016	0.31346 %
Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.31631 %
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00286 %

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,574,751. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,298,114	\$ _
Differences between actual and expected experience		-	62,428
Changes in assumptions		4,685,424	358,581
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan		1 027 050	
investments		1,037,050	-
Change in employer's proportion		329,573	503,519
Differences between actual contributions and proportionate share of contributions			1,337,201
Share of Contributions		<u>-</u>	 1,337,201
Total	\$	8,350,161	\$ 2,261,729

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

\$2,298,114 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Mis	Miscellaneous	
\$	331,271	
	2,529,470	
	1,540,083	
	(610,506)	

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Projected Salary Increase	3.3% - 14.2%
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.15%
Mortality (2)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power
	applies, 2.75% thereafter

- (1) Net of pension plan investment expenses.
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes
- 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

<u>Changes in Assumptions</u> - There were no changes of assumptions during the measurement period ended June 30, 2017. Deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions presented in the deferred outflows/inflows table above represents the portion of the changes of assumptions related to prior measurement periods.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employees' Retirement Fund) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective July 1, 2015.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	47.00%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.00%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.40%	-0.90%
Total	100%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

<u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 46,834,455
•	
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 31,369,644
,	
1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 18,660,414

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At June 30, 2018, the City reported \$0 for outstanding amounts of contributions for either the CalPERS Miscellaneous Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan or the CalPERS Safety Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan.

10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

A. Description of the Plan

The City sponsors and administers a single-employer health care plan for its employees. The plan includes healthcare coverage to long-service retirees. At retirement, City employees can elect Blue Shield, Kaiser, PERS Care, or PERS Choice medical coverage through the City at the City's expense. As the City's OPEB benefits are administered by City personnel, no separate financial statements are issued.

B. Employees Covered

The City currently pays health insurance premiums of \$1,907 per month per family. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City had 95 retired employees. The City currently has 82 active employees who may become eligible to retire and receive benefits in the future. Eligibility requirements include retirement directly from the City under CalPERS at age 55 years CalPERS service or disability.

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	83
Inactive entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	12
Active employees	82
Total	177

10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

C. Contributions

Employees hired before July 1, 2010 receive a City contribution toward their retiree health premium equal to that provided to current active employees. Employees shall be offered the option to opt into the vesting program as soon after the program implementation as allowed per CalPERS regulations.

Employees hired on or after July 1, 2010 receive a City contribution toward their retiree health premium in an amount as described by Government Code Section 22893 (the PERS vesting schedule). Government Code Section 22893 currently reads that the percentage of employer contribution payable for postretirement health benefits for an employee of a contracting agency subject to this section shall, except as provided in subdivision (b) be based on the member's completed years of credited state service at retirement as shown in the following table:

Credited Years of	Percentage of Employer		
Service	Contributions		
10	50		
11	55		
12	60		
13	65		
14	70		
15	75		
16	80		
17	85		
18	90		
19	95		
20 or more	100		

City of Pinole Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2018

10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

D. Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement date.

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 3.58% at June 30, 2017
Inflation 2.75% annually
Salary Increases 3% - Aggregated

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination (1) CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Scale

MP-17 for post-retirement mortality
Healthcare cost trend rates:
Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years
Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.58%. The City's OPEB Plan is an unfunded plan, therefore the discount rate was set to the rate of tax-exempt, high quality 20-year municipal bonds, as of the valuation date.

10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

F. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$	38,610,000	
Changes in the year:			
Service cost		1,472,000	
Interest on the total pension liability		1,128,000	
Changes in assumptions		(4,636,000)	
Benefit payments		(986,000)	
Net changes		(3,022,000)	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	35,588,000	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease - 2.58% Total OPEB liability	\$ 42,179,000
Current Discount Rate - 3.58% Total OPEB liability	\$ 35,588,000
1% Increase - 4.58% Total OPEB liability	\$ 30,481,000

F. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability, Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City for the Plan, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease Total OPEB liability	\$	30,180,000
Total Of ED hability	Ψ	30,100,000
Current Healthcare Trend Rate	\$	25 500 000
Total OPEB liability	Ф	35,588,000
1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	42,568,000

10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

G. Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

All amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL)
	(5.5 years at June 30, 2017)

H. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$314,681. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Changes in assumptions	\$	1,174,000	\$	3,793,000
Total	\$	1,174,000	\$	3,793,000

H. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, Continued

The \$1,174,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	Deferred			
Ending June 30:	Outflo	Outflows/(Inflows) of		
		_		
2019	\$	(843,000)		
2020		(843,000)		
2021		(843,000)		
2022		(843,000)		
2023		(421,000)		

City of Pinole Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2018

11. FUND BALANCE

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

The City of Pinole has established the following fund balance policies:

Committed Fund Balance: Only the City Council may have the authority to create or change a fund balance commitment. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, should be reported as assigned fund balance. The policy hereby delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the City Manager and the Finance Director for the purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.

The accounting policies of the City consider restricted fund balance to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and unassigned amounts.

11. FUND BALANCE, Continued

As of June 30, 2018, fund balances consisted of the following:

	General	Housing	Government		
	Fund	Programs	Funds	Total	
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable fund balance:					
Inventory	\$ 12,669	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,669	
Total Nonspendable	12,669	_		12,669	
Restricted fund balance for:					
Housing Redevelopment	-	13,944,760	-	13,944,760	
Real estate maintenance	133,586	-	-	133,586	
Police	-	-	579 <i>,</i> 754	579 <i>,</i> 754	
Gas Tax	-	-	441,358	441,358	
Measure C	-	-	1,254,869	1,254,869	
Parkland Dedication	-	-	24,608	24,608	
Refuse Management	-	-	646,729	646,729	
Storm Water	-	-	100,502	100,502	
Capital projects	-	-	288,016	288,016	
Solid Waste	-	-	833,364	833,364	
CASP Certification	-	-	6,178	6,178	
Adjudicated Asset Seizure			130,814	130,814	
Total Restricted	133,586	13,944,760	4,306,192	18,384,538	
Assigned fund balance for:					
Capital projects	-	-	1,524,712	1,524,712	
General reserve	2,385,489	-	-	2,385,489	
Equipment reserve	146,188	-	-	146,188	
Police	-	-	15,996	15,996	
Recreation	-	-	64,127	64,127	
Building & Planning	-	-	761,594	761,594	
Total Committed	2,531,677		2,366,429	4,898,106	
Unassigned fund balance					
Minimum fund balance reserve	23,249,204		(43,673)	23,205,531	
	23,249,204		(43,673)	23,205,531	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 25,927,136	\$ 13,944,760	\$ 6,628,948	\$ 46,500,844	

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City manages risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters by participating in the public entity risk pools described below and by retaining certain risks.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California which exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the member's responsibility.

<u>Risk Coverage</u> - The City is a member of the Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California (MPA). MPA provides coverage against the following types of loss risks under terms of joint-powers agreement with the City and several other cities and governmental agencies as follows:

Type of Coverage (Deductible)	Coverage Limits		
Liability (\$25,000) including errors and omissions for Public Officials	\$ 29,000,000		
All Risk Fire and Property (\$5,000)	1,000,000,000		
Workers' Compensation (no deductible)	50,000,000		
Vehicle Physical Damage (\$3,000 for police, \$2,000 all others)	250,000		

The MPA is governed by a Board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. The Board controls the operations of the MPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the Board.

The City's deposits with the MPA are in accordance with formulas established by the MPA. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City contributed \$907.000 for coverage.

Financial statements may be obtained from Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California, 1911 San Miguel Drive, Suite 200, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

13. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2018, the following funds had a fund deficit:

Fund	 Deficit
Growth Impact	\$ (9,112)
Cable TV	(31,535)
Development Services	(3,026)

14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The Pinole Redevelopment Agency (the "former RDA") was formed in 1972 to finance redevelopment projects in the Agency of Pinole pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 3300. On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 that provided for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California as of February 1, 2012, at which time the City of Pinole elected to take over as the Successor Agency (the "Agency").

The asset and liabilities of the former RDA were transferred to the Successor Agency on February 1, 2012 as a result of the dissolution. The Successor Agency acts in a fiduciary capacity to wind down affairs of the former RDA which includes disposing of the assets and liabilities, and its activities are reported in the fiduciary private-purpose trust fund.

A. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2017	Additions	Balance at June 30, 2018
Fiduciary Activities:			
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land	2,562,445		2,562,445
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,562,445		2,562,445
Capital assets being depreciated			
Buildings and improvements	9,583,453	-	9,583,453
Equipnent	224,867	-	224,867
Vegicles	44,631	-	44,631
Streets and roads	4,307,631	-	4,307,631
Storm drains	51,511	-	51,511
Bridges	433,276	-	433,276
parks	107,013	_	107,013
Total capital assets being depreciated	14,752,382		14,752,382
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,620,180)	(284,454)	(4,904,634)
Fiduciary activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,694,647	\$ (284,454)	\$ 12,410,193

14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

B. Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the Agency's long-term liabilities related to governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance at			Balance at	Current
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2018	Portion
Tax Allocation Bonds:					
2015 Series A Bonds	\$18,065,000	\$ -	\$ (1,680,000)	\$16,385,000	\$ 380,000
2015 Series B Bonds	9,165,000		(1,945,000)	7,220,000	3,385,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	27,230,000		(3,625,000)	23,605,000	3,765,000
Mortgages:					
613 Tennent Avenue	37,137	-	(37,137)	-	-
648 Tennent Avenue	11,084	-	(11,084)	-	-
612 Tennent Avenue	33,497		(33,497)		
Total Mortgages	81,718		(81,718)		
Fiduciary activities capital assets, net	\$ 27,311,718	\$ -	\$ (3,706,718)	\$ 23,605,000	\$3,765,000

A description of the long-term liabilities related to fiduciary activities at June 30, 2018 follows:

Bonds Payable

On August 6, 2015, the Successor Agency to the Pinole Redevelopment Agency issued \$29,735,000 of tax allocation refunding bonds to redeem bonds held by the former Pinole Redevelopment Agency (1998A, 1998B, 1999, 2003A, 2003B, 2004 (Housing), 2004B (2nd Subordinate), 2004A (2nd Subordinate), 2004A (3nd Subordinate). The 2015A Tax Allocation Refunding Bond (Tax-Exempt) in the amount of \$19,810,000 bears an interest rate of 2.270% which is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year through 2023. Principal payments are due annually on August 1 through 2023. The 2015B Tax Allocation Refunding Bond (Taxable) bears an interest rate of 2.340% which is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year through 2020. Principal payments are due annually on August 1 through 2020.

14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

B. Long-term Liabilities, Continued

Bonds Payable, continued

2015 Series A Tax Allocation Bond

Debt service requirements are shown below for bonds payable long-term debt:

For the Year Ending, June 30	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 380,000	\$ 367,627
2020	1,430,000	347,083
2021	2,660,000	300,661
2022	4,125,000	223,652
2023	4,220,000	128,936
2024	3,570,000	40,520
Total	\$ 16,385,000	\$ 1,408,479

2015 Series B Tax Allocation Bond

Debt service requirements are shown below for bonds payable long-term debt:

For the Year Ending, June 30	Principal		Interest		
2019	\$	3,385,000	\$	129,344	
2020		3,460,000		49,258	
2021		375,000		4,387	
2022		-		4,387	
Total	\$	7,220,000	\$	187,376	

Mortgage Payable

In September 2002, the former RDA acquired the property adjacent to Memorial Hall at Tennent Avenue for \$650,000 to construct a community center in Old Town Pinole with indoor access to the Memorial Hall. The entire purchase price was carried back by the sellers in a note. Principal and interest on the note at 6.5% are due semi- annually for fifteen years in March and September. The mortgages have been paid off as of June 30, 2018.

15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

<u>Grant Awards</u> - The City participates in certain Federal and State assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

16. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City recorded a prior period adjustment to eliminate the previously reported net OPEB asset, and to recognize deferred outflows of resources and net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017.

	Net	Position, as	\Box	Deferred			Net Position, as		
	Previously Reported		Employer OPEB		Net OPEB	Net OPEB	F	Restated at	
	at Ju	ne 30, 2017	Contributions		Obligation	Liability	Ju	June 30, 2017	
Government-Wide Statements									
Governmental Activities	\$	19,307,804	\$	887,400	\$17,495,525	\$ (34,749,000)	\$	2,941,729	
Business-type Activities	\$	20,013,970	\$	98,600	\$ 1,981,763	\$ (3,861,000)	\$	18,233,333	

This page intentionally left blank

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This page intentionally left blank

City of Pinole Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

	Budget . Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes and assessments	\$ 14,053,359	\$ 14,406,011	\$ 16,363,136	\$ 1,957,125
Intergovernmental revenues	122,582	116,037	79,426	(36,611)
Contributions	-	-	5,950	5,950
Investment earnings	57,000	60,400	48,384	(12,016)
Rents and ground leases	115,450	131,027	102,811	(28,216)
Charges for services	2,933,408	2,979,313	3,220,215	240,902
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	54,050	54,050	41,279	(12,771)
Other revenues	12,000	106,151	255,183	149,032
Total revenues	17,347,849	17,852,989	20,116,384	2,263,395
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General administration	2,983,109	3,090,609	2,941,569	(149,040)
Public safety	10,395,269	10,704,531	9,678,926	(1,025,605)
Public works	1,124,013	1,126,113	906,391	(219,722)
Recreation	7,000	7,000	8,458	1,458
Community development	72,467	72,467	8,206	(64,261)
Capital outlay	374,138	874,998	849,845	(25,153)
Debt service:				
Principal	579,087	579,087	361,674	(217,413)
Interest and fiscal charges	259,646	259,646	331,464	71,818
Total expenditures	15,794,729	16,714,451	15,086,533	(1,627,918)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,553,120	1,138,538	5,029,851	3,891,313
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of asset	10,000	11,750	10,017,210	10,005,460
Transfers out	1,090,566	1,108,566	(826,926)	1,935,492
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,100,566	1,120,316	9,190,284	11,940,952
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,653,686	\$ 2,258,854	14,220,135	\$ 15,832,265
FUND BALANCES:				
			11,707,001	
Beginning of year			11,707,001	
End of year			\$ 25,927,136	

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund

REVENUES:	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues	- -	- -	· -	- -
Loan Repayments	(81,000)	(81,000)	15,023	96,023
Contributions	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	75,000	75,000	13,610	(61,390)
Rents and ground leases Charges for services	72,253	72,253 4,700	72,253 4,700	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	4,700	4,700	_
Other revenues	35,000	35,000	5,500	(29,500)
Total revenues	101,253	105,953	111,086	5,133
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General administration	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Recreation Community development	189,996	223,996	563,889	339,893
Capital outlay	107,770	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		·		
Total expenditures	189,996	223,996	563,889	339,893
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(88,743)	(118,043)	(452,803)	(334,760)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of asset	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		·		
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	\$ (88,743)	\$ (118,043)	(452,803)	\$ (334,760)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			14,397,563	
End of year			\$ 13,944,760	

City of Pinole Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2018

1. BUDGETARY CONTROL AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A. Budgetary Control and Budgetary Accounting

Annually, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the following fiscal year. This budget includes proposed expenditures, by fund and department, and the revenues expected to finance them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution. Any revisions which alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budget to actual comparisons in this report use this budgetary basis. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end and must be re-appropriated in the following year.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

City of Pinole Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2018

2. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal year:	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement date:	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.31631%	0.31346%	0.30817%	0.30594%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 31,369,644	\$ 27,123,752	\$ 21,152,634	\$ 18,565,336
Covered payroll	\$ 7,156,301	\$ 6,936,049	\$ 7,566,201	\$ 7,588,896
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	438.35%	391.05%	279.57%	244.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.31%	74.06%	78.40%	79.82%

Notes to Schedule:

B. Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years*

Fiscal year	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 2,298,114	\$ 2,067,225	\$ 1,529,134	\$ 1,403,576
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 2,298,114	\$ 2,067,225	\$ 1,529,134	\$ 1,470,096 (66,520)
Covered payroll	\$ 7,579,208	\$ 7,156,301	\$ 6,936,049	\$ 7,566,201
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	-30.32%	-28.89%	-22.05%	-19.43%
Note to Schedule Valuation date:**	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

^{**} Date of actuarial valuation used to determine the contractually required contribution.

City of Pinole Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2018

3. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

A. Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30(1)

Measurement Period		2017
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	1,472,000
Interest on the total OPEB liability		1,128,000
Changes in benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes of assumptions		(4,636,000)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(986,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,022,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		38,610,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	35,588,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$	9,306,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		382.42%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

This page intentionally left blank

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Pinole Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Capital Projects Fund	Special Rev	enue Funds	
	Public Works			
	Capital	Growth	Gas	
	Projects	Impact	Tax	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,236,731	\$ 1	\$ 417,582	
Accounts receivables	-	-	40,217	
Due from other funds	9,113			
Total Asset	2,245,844	1	457,799	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12,170	-	16,441	
Deposits payable	-	-	-	
Due to other funds	420,946	9,113		
Total liabilities	433,116	9,113	16,441	
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	288,016	-	441,358	
Assigned	1,524,712	-	, -	
Unassigned	<u> </u>	(9,112)		
Total fund balances	1,812,728	(9,112)	441,358	
Total liabilities				
and fund balances	\$ 2,245,844	\$ 1	\$ 457,799	

Special Revenue Funds

Parkland Dedication		N	Measure C		Storm Water	Refuse Management		Adjudicated Asset Seizure		police
\$	24,608	\$	888,105 366,959	\$	- 125,552 -	\$ 638,012 10,148	\$	131,698	\$	512,146 200,263
	24,608		1,255,064		125,552	648,160		131,698		712,409
			105		1.000	1 401		004		2.645
	-		195		1,992 2,000	1,431		884		2,645
	-		-		21,058	-		-		114,014
	_		195		25,050	1,431		884		116,659
	24,608		1,254,869 -		100,502 -	646,729 -		130,814		579,754 15,996
	24,608		1,254,869		100,502	646,729		130,814		595,750
\$	24,608	\$	1,255,064	\$	125,552	\$ 648,160	\$	131,698	\$	712,409

City of Pinole Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	S _I	Special Revenue Funds					
	Cable TV	Recreation	Building & Planning				
ASSETS							
Cash and investments Accounts receivables Due from other funds	\$ - 56,923	\$ 126,996 -	\$ 999,431				
Total Asset	56,923	126,996	999,431				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	936	40,109	195,496				
Deposits payable Due to other funds	- 87,522	22,760	42,341				
Total liabilities	88,458	62,869	237,837				
Fund Balances: Restricted	-	-	_				
Assigned	-	64,127	761,594				
Unassigned	(31,535)						
Total fund balances	(31,535)	64,127	761,594				
Total liabilities							
and fund balances	\$ 56,923	\$ 126,996	\$ 999,431				

	Total					
	relopment ervices	Fire Department Grants	Solid Waste Fund	CASP Certification & Training	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
\$	71,846 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 770,539 62,825	\$ 6,266 - -	\$ 6,823,961 862,887 9,113	
	71,846		833,364	6,266	\$ 7,695,961	
	11,364 63,508	- - -	- - -	88 - -	\$ 283,751 130,609 652,653	
	74,872		-	88	1,067,013	
	(3,026)	- - -	833,364	6,178	4,306,192 2,366,429 (43,673)	
	(3,026)		833,364	6,178	6,628,948	
\$	71,846	\$ -	\$ 833,364	\$ 6,266	\$ 7,695,961	

City of Pinole

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Pro	Capital ojects Fund	 Special Reve		Funds
	Public Works Capital Projects		Growth Impact		Gas Tax
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments Intergovernmental revenues Contributions	\$	34,798	\$ - -	\$	- 519,757
Investment earnings Rents and ground leases		209 15,000	669		1,973 -
Charges for services Fines, forfeitures and penalties Other revenues		1,000 -	90,679 - -		- - -
Total revenues		51,007	91,348		521,730
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General administration		-	-		-
Public safety Public works Recreation		44,551 -	- -		325,062
Community development Capital outlay Depreciation		96,402 -	- - -		31,781
Total expenditures		140,953	_		356,843
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(89,946)	91,348		164,887
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of asset Transfers in Transfers out		480,000	- -		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		480,000	_		_
Net change in fund balances		390,054	91,348		164,887
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year		1,422,674	 (100,460)		276,471
End of year	\$	1,812,728	\$ (9,112)	\$	441,358

Special Revenue Fun

Parkland Dedication	Measure C	Storm Water	Refuse Management	Adjudicated Asset Seizure	Police
\$ - -	\$ - 366,959	\$ - -	\$ - 66,513	\$ - -	\$ 164,543 428,000
140	5,004	151	4,071	826	2,737
8,014	-	-	-	- - 1,251	- - 32,140
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	296,294		-	-
8,154	371,963	296,445	70,584	2,077	627,420
- - - -	- - 127,060 - -	12,826 - 261,093 -	- - 99,211 - -	- 2,675 - - -	- 576,024 - - -
-	6,947	-	38,009	15,540 -	-
	134,007	273,919	137,220	18,215	576,024
8,154	237,956	22,526	(66,636)	(16,138)	51,396
- 	- -	- 	- -	- -	-
8,154	237,956	22,526	(66,636)	(16,138)	51,396
16,454	1,016,913	77,976	713,365	146,952	544,354
\$ 24,608	\$ 1,254,869	\$ 100,502	\$ 646,729	\$ 130,814	\$ 595,750

City of Pinole

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds				
Cable TV		Recreation	Building & Planning	
\$	36,910 - 3,300 - - 220,758 - 30	56 113,55 643,16 9,48	5 5,445 4 - 3 1,113,527 0 19,857	
	260,998	788,10	7 1,138,829	
	293,655 - - - - 44,957 -	951,86 8,56		
	338,612	969,60	3 1,030,887	
	(77,614)	(181,49	6) 107,942	
	84,095	33,88	8 -	
	84,095	33,88	8 -	
	6,481	(147,60	8) 107,942	
	(38,016)	211.73	5 653,652	
\$	(31,535)			
	\$	Cable TV \$ 36,910 - 3,300 220,758 - 30 260,998 293,655 44,957 - 338,612 (77,614) 84,095 - 84,095 - 6,481 (38,016)	Cable TV Recreation \$ 36,910 \$ 3,300 21,344 - 56 - 113,55 220,758 643,16 - 30 9,48 260,998 788,10 - 951,86 - - 44,957 8,56 - 338,612 969,60 (77,614) (181,49 84,095 33,88 - 84,095 33,88 6,481 (147,60 (38,016) 211,73	

Fire	
Development Department Solid Wasservices Grants Fund	Non-Major te CASP Certification Funds
\$ - \$ - \$	- \$ - \$ 236,251
ψ - ψ - ψ	1,381,229
	24,645
432 -	- 26,098
	- 128,554
_	- 6,178 2,082,319
_	- 34,391
- 285 24	457 - 573,403
	333 6,178 4,486,890
	315,651
	- 578,699
	- 856,977
	- 951,867
	- 1,024,145
	248,944
	3,976,283
432 285 25	6,178 510,607
- 228,943	826,926
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
- 228,943	826,926
432 229,228 25	6,178 1,337,533
(3,458) (229,228) 583	031 - 5,291,415
\$ (3,026) \$ - \$ 833	364 \$ 6,178 \$ 6,628,948

City of Pinole Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Public Works Capital Projects

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts				
REVENUES:							
Taxes and assessments	\$	33,870	\$ 33,870	\$	34,798	\$	928
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-		-		-
Contributions		_	-		200		200
Investment earnings Rents and ground leases		15,000	15,000		209 15,000		209
Charges for services		15,000	13,000		15,000		_
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		_	_		1,000		1,000
Other revenues		-	-		-		-
Total revenues		48,870	48,870		51,007		2,137
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General administration		-	-		-		-
Public safety		<u>-</u>	-		-		-
Public works		45,599	45,599		44,55 3		(1,046)
Recreation Community development		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay		490,787	510,787		96,402		(414,385)
Total expenditures		536,386	556,386		140,955		(415,431)
-							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(487,516)	 (507,516)		(89,948)		417,568
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from sale of asset							
Transfers in Transfers out	((480,000)	480,000		480,000		480,000
		(400,000)	100.000		400.000		100.000
Total other financing sources (uses)	((480,000)	 480,000		480,000		480,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ ((967,516)	\$ (27,516)		390,052	\$	897,568
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year				1	1,422,674		
End of year				\$ 1	1,812,726		

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Growth Impact Special Revenue fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments Intergovernmental revenues Contributions	\$	- - -	\$	- \$ - - 669	\$ - - -
Investment earnings Rents and ground leases Charges for services		- -		- 669 90,679	669 - 90,679
Fines, forfeitures and penalties Other revenues		-			-
Total revenues		-		91,348	91,348
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General administration Public safety Public works Recreation		- - -		 	- - -
Community development Capital outlay		<u>-</u>		- - -	
Total expenditures					
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				91,348	91,348
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of asset Transfers in Transfers out		- -		- -	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	91,348	\$ 91,348
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year				(100,460)	
End of year				\$ (9,112)	:

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Gas Tax Special Revenue fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final			
REVENUES:				
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues Contributions	528,732	528,732	519,757	(8,975)
Investment earnings		500	1,973	1,473
Rents and ground leases	_	-	-	-
Charges for services	_	-	_	_
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-
Other revenues				
Total revenues	528,732	529,232	521,730	(7,502)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General administration	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	462,791	462,791	325,063	(137,728)
Recreation	-	-	-	-
Community development Capital outlay	-	-	31,781	31,781
-	142 = 24	112 =01		
Total expenditures	462,791	462,791	356,844	(105,947)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	65,941	66,441	164,886	98,445
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of asset				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		·		
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	\$ 65,941	\$ 66,441	164,886	\$ 98,445
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			276,470	
End of year			\$ 441,356	

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Parkland Dedication Special Revenue fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-	-	-
Contributions		-	-	140	140
Investment earnings Rents and ground leases		_	_	140	140
Charges for services		- -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,014	8,014
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		_	-		-
Other revenues		-	-		-
Total revenues		-	-	8,154	8,154
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General administration		-	-	- <u>-</u>	-
Public safety		-	-		-
Public works		-	-	-	-
Recreation		-	-	-	-
Community development Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
-				<u> </u>	
Total expenditures			-	<u>-</u>	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				8,154	8,154
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of asset					
Transfers in		-	-		-
Transfers out				<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ -	8,154	\$ 8,154
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year				16,455	
End of year				\$ 24,609	

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Measure C Special Revenue fund

DEVENIUEC.	Budget Amounts Original Final			
REVENUES:			•	•
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues Contributions	303,590	303,590	366,959	63,369
Investment earnings	-	1,000	5,004	4,004
Rents and ground leases	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-
Other revenues				
Total revenues	303,590	304,590	371,963	67,373
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General administration	42,772	42,772	-	(42,772)
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works Recreation	96,033	100,033	127,060	27,027
Community development	-	-	-	_
Capital outlay	45,720	45,720	6,947	(38,773)
Total expenditures	184,525	188,525	134,007	(54,518)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	119,065	116,065	237,956	121,891
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of asset				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	\$ 119,065	\$ 116,065	237,956	\$ 121,891
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			1,016,913	
End of year			\$ 1,254,869	

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Storm Water Special Revenue fund

DEVENIUM	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				•
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Contributions Investment earnings	-	- 175	- 151	(24)
Rents and ground leases	-	175	131	(24)
Charges for services	_	_	_	_
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	_	_	_	_
Other revenues	315,768	316,168	296,294	(19,874)
Total revenues	315,768	316,343	296,445	(19,898)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General administration	-	-	12,826	12,826
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	305,420	305,420	261,093	(44,327)
Recreation	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay				
Total expenditures	305,420	305,420	273,919	(31,501)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,348	10,923	22,526	11,603
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of asset				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 10,348	\$ 10,923	22,526	\$ 11,603
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			77,976	
End of year			\$ 100,502	

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Refuse Management Special Revenue fund

DEVENIJEC.	Budget Amounts Original Final		ů .	
REVENUES:				
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues Contributions	60,060	60,060	66,513	6,453
Investment earnings	- -	1,000	4,071	3,071
Rents and ground leases	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-
Other revenues				
Total revenues	60,060	61,060	70,584	9,524
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General administration	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	- (4.4.044)
Public works Recreation	113,522	113,522	99,211	(14,311)
Community development	-	-	-	_
Capital outlay	_	-	38,009	38,009
Total expenditures	113,522	113,522	137,220	23,698
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(53,462)	(52,462)	(66,636)	(14,174)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of asset				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			
Net change in fund balances	\$ (53,462)	\$ (52,462)	(66,636)	\$ (14,174)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			713,366	
End of year			\$ 646,730	

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Adjudicated Asset Seizure

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues Contributions		-	-	-	-
Investment earnings		-	250	826	576
Rents and ground leases		_		-	-
Charges for services		_	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-	1,300	1,251	(49)
Other revenues					
Total revenues			1,550	2,077	527
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General administration		-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	2,676	2,676
Public works		-	-	-	-
Recreation		-	-	-	-
Community development Capital outlay		-	11,856	15,540	3,684
	-				
Total expenditures			11,856	18,216	6,360
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-		(10,306)	(16,139)	(5,833)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of asset					
Transfers in		-	-	-	-
Transfers out					
Total other financing sources (uses)					
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ (10,306)	(16,139)	\$ (5,833)
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year				146,952	
End of year				\$ 130,813	

City of Pinole Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Police Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 155,000		\$ 164,543	\$ 9,543	
Intergovernmental revenues	420,000	420,000	428,000	8,000	
Contributions Investment earnings		- 925	2,737	1,812	
Rents and ground leases		- 923	2,737	1,012	
Charges for services			-	-	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	57,750	57,750	32,140	(25,610)	
Other revenues	<u> </u>	<u>- </u>	<u> </u>		
Total revenues	632,750	633,675	627,420	(6,255)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General administration			-	-	
Public safety	558,239	558,239	576,022	17,783	
Public works			-	-	
Recreation Community development		-	-	-	
Capital outlay	7,500	7,500	- -	(7,500)	
Total expenditures	565,739		576,022	10,283	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	67,01	67,936	51,398	(16,538)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of asset					
Transfers in			-	-	
Transfers out			<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>			
Net change in fund balances	\$ 67,012	\$ 67,936	51,398	\$ (16,538)	
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year			544,356		
End of year			\$ 595,754		

City of Pinole Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Cable TV Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 50,000	\$	36,788	\$ 36,910	\$ 122
Intergovernmental revenues	2 000	-	-	-	-
Contributions	3,000)	600	3,300	2,700
Investment earnings Rents and ground leases		_	_	-	_
Charges for services	182,585	5	178,585	220,758	42,173
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	102,000	_	-	-	-
Other revenues	3,000)	1,500	30	(1,470)
Total revenues	238,585	5	217,473	260,998	43,525
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General administration	342,191	L	342,191	293,654	(48,537)
Public safety	-	-	-	-	- -
Public works	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	=	-	-	-
Community development	EC 000	- \	- E(000	44.057	(11.042)
Capital outlay	56,900		56,900	44,957	(11,943)
Total expenditures	399,091	<u> </u>	399,091	338,611	(60,480)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(160,506	<u> </u>	(181,618)	(77,613)	104,005
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of asset Transfers in Transfers out	(165,566	5) -	183,566	84,095	183,566
Total other financing sources (uses)	(165,566	<u> </u>	183,566	84,095	183,566
Net change in fund balances	\$ (326,072	2) \$	1,948	6,482	\$ 287,571
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year				(38,016)	
				, ,	
End of year				\$ (31,534)	

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Recreation Special Revenue Fund

REVENUES:	Budget A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	ሶ	ሶ	ሶ	ф	
Taxes and assessments Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Contributions	46,120	28,120	21,345	(6,775)	
Investment earnings	-	-	565	565	
Rents and ground leases	<i>75,600</i>	90,600	113,554	22,954	
Charges for services	755 , 527	625,645	643,163	17,518	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-	
Other revenues		400	9,480	9,080	
Total revenues	877,247	744,765	788,107	43,342	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General administration	-	-	9,165		
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	
Recreation	1,073,455	1,023,215	951,867	(71,348)	
Community development Capital outlay	-	-	- 9 566	- 9 566	
•			8,566	8,566	
Total expenditures	1,073,455	1,023,215	969,598	(53,617)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(196,208)	(278,450)	(181,491)	96,959	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of asset Transfers in Transfers out	(45,000)	45,000	33,888 	45,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(45,000)	45,000	33,888	45,000	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (241,208)	\$ (233,450)	(147,603)	\$ 141,959	
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year			211,736		
End of year			\$ 64,133		
,					

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Building & Planning Special Revenue Fund

	Budget . Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-	
Contributions Investment cornings	-	1,500	- 5,445	2 045	
Investment earnings Rents and ground leases	_	1,300	5,445	3,945	
Charges for services	824,350	1,116,350	1,113,527	(2,823)	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	(2)020)	
Other revenues	6,000	17,000	19,857	2,857	
Total revenues	830,350	1,134,850	1,138,829	3,979	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General administration	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	
Recreation	1 004 005	-	- 1 004 140	(0.4.4.00.4)	
Community development Capital outlay	1,094,067 50,000	1,369,067 63,000	1,024,143 6,742	(344,924)	
•				(56,258)	
Total expenditures	1,144,067	1,432,067	1,030,885	(401,182)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(313,717)	(297,217)	107,944	405,161	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of asset					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out					
Total other financing sources (uses)					
Net change in fund balances	\$ (313,717)	\$ (297,217)	107,944	\$ 405,161	
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year			653,652		
End of year			\$ 761,596		
J					

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Development Services Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Taxes and assessments Intergovernmental revenues Contributions Investment earnings Rents and ground leases Charges for services Fines, forfeitures and penalties Other revenues	\$	- - - - -	\$	- \$ - - 431 	\$ - - 431 - -	
Total revenues		<u>-</u>		- 431	431	
EXPENDITURES: Current: General administration Public safety Public works Recreation Community development Capital outlay		- - - - -		 	- - - - -	
Total expenditures	-				401	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from sale of asset Transfers in Transfers out				- 431 		
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>ф</u>	<u> </u>	· ·	421	¢ 421	
Net change in fund balances FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year End of year	<u></u>	<u>-</u>	\$	(3,458) \$ (3,027)	\$ 431	

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Fire Department Grants Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final			_ Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Taxes and assessments Intergovernmental revenues Contributions Investment earnings Rents and ground leases Charges for services Fines, forfeitures and penalties Other revenues	\$	- - - - - -	\$ -	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	
Total revenues	-			<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
EXPENDITURES: Current: General administration Public safety Public works Recreation Community development Capital outlay		- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	
Total expenditures						
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from sale of asset Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		- - -	-	- - -	- - - -	
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	
FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year End of year				- \$ -		

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund

DEVENIJEC.	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues Contributions		-		-	-		-
Investment earnings		-		-	3,876		3,876
Rents and ground leases		_		_	3,676		3,070
Charges for services		_		_	_		_
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		_		_	_		_
Other revenues		220,000		220,000	247,457		27,457
Total revenues		220,000		220,000	251,333		31,333
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General administration		_		_	_		_
Public safety		_		-	_		_
Public works		-		-	-		-
Recreation	-				-		-
Community development		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay							
Total expenditures							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		220,000		220,000	251,333		31,333
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from sale of asset							
Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out							
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		-			_
Net change in fund balances	\$	220,000	\$	220,000	251,333	\$	31,333
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					582,031		
End of year					\$ 833,364		

City of Pinole

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual CASP Certification and Training

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental revenues Contributions		-	-	-	-	
Investment earnings		-	_	-	- -	
Rents and ground leases		_	_		_	
Charges for services		_	-	6,178	6,178	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-	-	, -	, -	
Other revenues				<u> </u>		
Total revenues				6,178	6,178	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General administration		-	-	_	-	
Public safety		-	-	-	-	
Public works		-	-	-	-	
Recreation		-	-	_	-	
Community development Capital outlay		-	-	- -	-	
-						
Total expenditures						
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				6,178	6,178	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from sale of asset						
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balances	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	6,178	\$ 6,178	
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year				-		
End of year				\$ 6,178		

City of Pinole Combining Balance Sheet Agency Fund June 30, 2018

ASSETS	_	alance y 1, 2017	Ado	ditions	Dedu	actions	_	alance e 30, 2018
Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	97,561 64	\$	438	\$	- 64	\$	97,999 -
Total Assets	\$	97,625	\$	438	\$	64	\$	97,999
LIABILITIES								
Fund held in trust	\$	97,625		438		64		97,999
Total liabilities	\$	97,625	\$	438	\$	64	\$	97,999

Statistical Section



This page intentionally left blank

CITY OF PINOLE

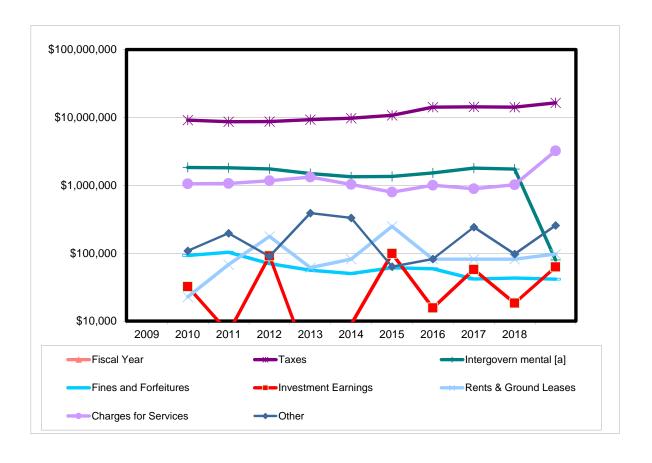
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT, Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	Year						
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2	2013	2014	+	2015	2016		2017	2018
Governmental activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 48,481,644	48,481,644 \$ 42,630,150 \$	\$ 43,395,278	\$ 35,02	21,089 \$	43,395,278 \$ 35,021,089 \$ 35,773,981 \$ 36,296,765 \$ 34,962,909 \$ 33,764,294 \$ 32,700,833 \$	\$ 36,29	6,765 \$	34,962,909	\$ 33,764,29	94 \$	32,700,833	\$ 31,758,414
Restricted	30,499,599	30,499,599	32,539,587	11,28	1,286,730	11,530,930	2,59	2,591,393	2,591,393	2,591,393	93	17,755,625	17,938,328
Unrestricted	(26,814,858)	(26,628,239)	(30,862,961)	14,72	14,727,078	11,842,896	(2,49	(2,498,114)	(21,819,095)	(17,014,950)		(31,148,654)	(34,044,994)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 52,166,385 \$ 46,501,51	0	\$ 45,071,904 \$ 61,034,897 \$ 59,147,807 \$ 36,390,044 \$ 15,735,207 \$ 19,340,737 \$ 19,307,804 \$ 15,651,748	\$ 61,03	34,897 \$	59,147,807	\$ 36,39	0,044 \$	15,735,207	\$ 19,340,73	37 \$	19,307,804	\$ 15,651,748
Business-type activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,816,726	7,816,726 \$ 10,112,367	\$ 10,302,367 \$		9,444,118 \$	9,051,860	s	1,073 \$	9,921,073 \$ 11,223,296 \$ 13,869,394 \$	\$ 13,869,39	94 \$	14,364,860	14,364,860 \$ 13,381,134
Unrestricted	4,729,269	1,724,352	1,848,906	3,39	3,395,880	4,546,425	5,20	5,205,241	4,984,154	4,584,135	35	5,649,110	6,241,700
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 12,545,995 \$ 11,836,71	\$ 11,836,719	\$ 12,151,273	\$ 12,839,998		\$ 13,598,285	\$ 15,126,314	6,314 \$	\$ 16,207,450	\$ 18,453,529	8	20,013,970	\$ 19,622,834
Primary government													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 56,298,370 \$ 52,742,51	\$ 52,742,517	\$ 53,697,645	\$ 44,46	35,207 \$	53,697,645 \$ 44,465,207 \$ 44,825,841 \$ 46,217,838 \$	\$ 46,21	7,838 \$	46,186,205 \$ 47,633,688 \$	\$ 47,633,68	88	47,065,693	47,065,693 \$ 45,139,548
Restricted	30,499,599	30,499,599	32,539,587	11,28	1,286,730	11,530,930	2,59	2,591,393	2,591,393	2,591,393	93	17,755,625	17,938,328
Unrestricted	(22,085,589)	(24,903,887)	(29,014,055)		18,122,958	16,389,321	2,70	2,707,127	(16,834,941)	(12,430,815)		(25,499,544)	(27,803,294)
Total primary government net position	\$ 64,712,380 \$ 58,338,229	\$ 58,338,229	\$ 57,223,177	\$ 73,87	74,895 \$	57,223,177 \$ 73,874,895 \$ 72,746,092 \$		6,358 \$	51,516,358 \$ 31,942,657	\$ 37,794,26	\$ 99	37,794,266 \$ 39,321,774 \$	\$ 35,274,582

CITY OF PINOLE
CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					y, Fiscal Year	a				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 9,203,481	\$ 12,935,189 \$			5,996,378 \$	4,718,160 \$	4,373,166 \$	4,368,671 \$	5,952,688 \$	3,482,534
Public safety	11,086,383	10,627,109	9,937,972	9,153,942	8,855,816	9,281,461	9,321,934	10,086,963	10,326,947	12,202,527
Public services	2,120,368	2,338,079	2,395,243	2,472,400	1,488,713	2,685,493	2,673,746	3,878,498	2,568,265	3,217,759
Recreation	1,653,907	1,463,300	1,334,530	1,527,911	1,467,915	1,074,585	1,150,267	1,067,952	1,151,760	1,145,227
Community development	7,202,650	3,092,568	2,904,417	3,218,191	654,535	779,147	833,061	1,184,385	1,065,848	1,642,031
Interest and fiscal changes	2,817,474	2,686,711	2,625,791	1,345,952	149,097	280,173	290,860	305,569	338,507	331,464
Total government activity expenses	\$ 34,084,263	\$ 33,142,956 \$	28,374,354 \$	24,363,298 \$	18,612,454 \$	18,819,019 \$	18,643,034 \$	20,892,038 \$	21,404,015 \$	22,021,542
Business-type activities:										
Wastewater utility	5,312,229	5,798,474	5,081,468	4,998,178	5,427,396	4,859,118	4,883,256	5,316,022	4,597,454	5,193,994
Total business-type activities expenses		5,798,474	5,081,468	4,998,178	5,427,396	4,859,118	4,883,256	5,316,022	4,597,454	5,193,994
Total primary government expenses	\$ 39,396,492	\$ 38,941,430	33,455,822	29,361,476	24,039,850 \$	23,678,137 \$	23,526,290 \$	26,208,060	26,001,469	27,215,536
Program Revenues Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services: General government	\$ 327.329	\$ 247.304 \$	269:339 \$	1.068.236 \$	286.722 \$	502.094 \$	590.359 \$	236.512 \$	354.357 \$	648.409
Public safety		380,755	177,931	102,560						1,435,741
Public services	355,579	314,815	311,922	705,701	461,578	946,387	573,320	545,273	310,073	153,810
Recreation	982,967	926,243	860,274	1,163,599	927,758	1,195,728	998,792	871,497	783,783	846,822
Community development	902,718	1,653,268	1,990,099	534,533	1,083,517	527,441	666,863	244,449	162,634	1,153,907
Operating grants and contributions	1,315,613	600,777	1,025,928	2,127,097	948,062	1,026,339	1,203,058	1,464,456	227,184	11,483,081
Capital grants and contributions	2,058,926	1,306,971	2,597,866	98,986	755,433	640,884	1,068,087	1,094,371	1,262,813	
Total governmental program revenues	6,389,083	5,606,365	7,233,359	5,798,612	4,609,728	5,425,004	5,634,574	4,917,888	3,741,629	15,721,770
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Wastewater utility Capital grants and contributions	5,858,159	5,159,757	5,462,798	5,633,904	5,961,605 218,193	6,473,147	6,912,213	7,541,964	6,315,563	6,524,537
Total business-type program revenues	5,858,159	5,159,757	5,462,798	5,633,904	6,179,798	6,473,147	6,912,213	7,541,964	6,315,563	6,524,537
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 12,247,242	\$ 10,766,122 \$	12,696,157 \$	_	10,789,526 \$	11,898,151	12,546,787 \$	12,459,852 \$	10,057,192 \$	22,246,307
Net (Expense)/Revenue							000			
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental	(27,695,180)	(27,536,591)	(21,140,995)	(18,564,686)	(14,002,726)	(13,394,015)	(13,008,460)	(15,974,150)	(17,662,386)	(6,289,772)
Net (Expense)/Revenue Business-type	545,930	(638,717)	381,330	635,726	752,402	1,614,029	2,028,957	2,225,942	1,718,109	1,330,543
Total primary government net expense	(27,149,250)	(28,175,308)	(20,759,665)	(17,928,960)	(13,250,324)	(11,779,986)	(10,979,503)	(13,748,208)	(15,944,277)	(4,969,229)
Change in Net Position	0.00		000	2000	(000 100 1)	(A) TEN 70.4)	70000	(000 0)	(000	0 7
Governmental activities	(5,650,126)	0	(1,429,606)	15,694,132	(060,786,1)	(22,737,764)	(4, 193,625)	(2,366,176)	(32,933)	4 200 504
Business-type activities	443,778	443,778	314,554	688,725	/58,28/	1,602,798	(2,037,223)	(2,246,079)	1,721,679	1,389,501
l otal primary government	(5,406,348)	(5,406,348)	(1,115,052)	16,582,857	(1,128,803)	(21,154,966)	(6,231,048)	(4,634,255)	1,688,746	14,099,520

CITY OF PINOLE GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



					Rents &			
Fiscal		Intergovern	Fines and	Investment	Ground	Charges for		
Year	Taxes	mental [a]	Forfeitures	Earnings	Leases	Services	Other	Total
2009	9,099,405	1,827,646	92,339	32,005	22,699	1,053,620	107,996	12,235,710
2010	8,614,947	1,808,552	102,911	6,743	67,875	1,064,294	196,797	11,862,119
2011	8,694,631	1,737,225	70,090	90,884	175,993	1,168,148	89,656	12,026,627
2012	9,244,495	1,485,968	56,190	2,172	61,088	1,322,376	389,207	12,561,496
2013	9,742,628	1,334,648	50,170	8,930	81,450	1,030,270	330,722	12,578,818
2014	10,747,165	1,350,069	60,734	98,669	247,709	790,618	63,210	13,358,174
2015	14,143,789	1,515,953	58,863	15,621	81,450	999,977	81,988	16,897,641
2016	14,295,535	1,785,007	41,564	57,271	81,450	887,723	241,328	17,389,878
2017	14,165,943	1,731,199	43,051	18,357	81,510	1,015,972	96,871	17,152,904
2018	16,363,136	79,426	41,279	62,567	97,027	3,216,590	256,359	20,116,384

Source: City of Pinole Finance

Notes:

Encompasses general government revenue within the General Fund and Measure S funds. [a] Grouping changed in FY 2018. Motor Vehicle Fees are now grouped in Charges for Services.

CITY OF PINOLE
FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

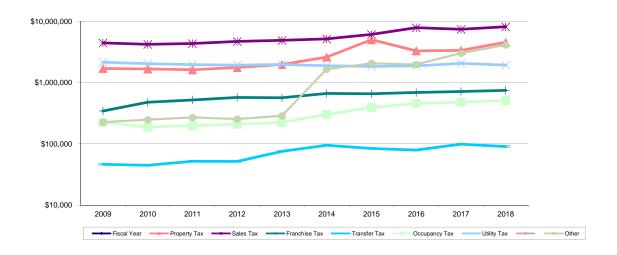
					Fiscal Year	ar				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund										
Nonspendable		€9	27,912,972 \$	11,299,227 \$	8,950,035 \$	11,157 \$	φ. '	7,275 \$	6,712 \$	12,669
Restricted			1,128,091							133,586
Assigned				1,587,255	2,209,430	2,899,585	1,030,000			2,531,677
Committed			244,040		12,599,292					
Unassigned	(2,197,539)	(3,079,187)	(4,808,526)	20,730,658	(3,464,498)	(2,914,406)	4,261,995	9,062,287	11,700,289	23,249,204
Total General Fund	\$ (2,197,539)	(3,079,187) \$	24,476,577 \$	33,617,140 \$	20,294,259 \$	(3,664) \$	5,291,995 \$	9,069,562	11,707,001 \$	25,927,136
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable		€9	3,213,536	€	7,023,664 \$	2,591,393	8	2,591,393 \$	6,882,968 \$	
Restricted	\$ 25,220,985 \$	\$ 25,616,997	19,333,368	3,060,465	6,787,458	15,103,453	14,074,122	11,665,834	10,872,657	18,250,952
Assigned					1,340,327	783,083	3,661,477			2,366,429
Committed									2,304,515	
Unassigned reported in:										
Special revenue funds	841,988	441,901					(611,270)	4,248,108	(371,162)	(43,673)
Capital project funds	19,786,143	17,887,607	(3,651,080)		933,006	(24,842)	(265,778)		•	
Debt service funds	5,278,900	4,882,602				(3,018,401)				
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 51,128,016 \$	\$ 48,829,107 \$	18,895,824 \$	3,060,465 \$	16,084,455 \$	15,434,686 \$	16,858,551 \$	18,505,335 \$	19,688,978 \$	20,573,708
										[1]

Notes: [1] Fund balance increased as a result of revenue in excess of expenditures at fiscal year-end. Sale of property in General Fund.

CITY OF PINOLE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
C	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Kevenues										
Taxes	\$ 19,060,207 \$	18,229,886 \$	18,011,799 \$	13,474,038 \$	10,373,826 \$	11,456,712 \$	15,111,311 \$	15,111,374 \$	15,453,213 \$	16,599,387
Intergovernmental	4,496,696	3,444,800	4,483,867	3,427,388	2,745,954	3,426,928	3,313,973	3,462,621	877,090	1,460,655
Loan repayments	211,784	253,473	371,220	109,343	48,464	108,021	45,666	85,849	145,457	15,023
Contributions	35,708	33,654	487,733	98,886	174,153	94,032	51,313	65,317	146,112	30,595
Investment earnings	1,027,361	986,963	386,330	22,214	113,723	595,808	311,168	188,790	16,188	88,092
Rents and ground leases	645,932	585,663	935,524	821,723	301,537	273,435	264,301	224,952	300,441	303,618
Charges for service	2,576,862	2,828,314	2,601,486	2,694,734	2,543,872	2,645,656	2,929,952	3,892,535	3,997,423	5,307,234
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	114,191	108,408	72,555	58,172	50,170	60,734	58,863	41,564	48,442	75,670
Gain (loss) on sale of property		662,667	(324,000)	(1,192,929)					. •	. •
Other revenues	177,180	586,121	189,455	451,942	405,411	137,713	778,737	365,857	532,173	834,086
Total revenues	28,345,921	27,719,949	27,215,969	19,963,511	16,757,110	18,799,039	22,865,284	23,438,859	21,516,539	24,714,360
Expenditures										
General administration	6,950,440	9,353,968	6,256,560	3,689,592	2,903,879	2,506,878	2,411,271	3,007,506	3,035,822	3,257,220
Public safety	10,602,829	10,346,903	9,795,550	9,051,515	8,807,959	9,206,393	9,165,922	9,635,264	10,067,977	10,535,903
Public services	832,163	787,202	699,286	904,149	696,343	1,822,928	1,628,204	2,460,827	1,712,315	1,485,090
Recreation	1,444,232	1,375,288	1,265,595	1,467,895	1,439,933	1,038,572	1,107,168	906,302	1,042,006	960,325
Community development	4,326,084	1,714,710	2,791,106	584,483	1,520,667	742,413	818,580	945,646	935,276	1,596,240
Debt service - Principal	2,940,181	3,315,659	3,141,278	3,148,966	334,287	381,144	373,007	369,177	363,151	361,674
Debt service - Interest	2,849,081	2,726,847	2,678,865	1,345,952	149,097	280,173	290,860	305,569	338,507	331,464
Capital outlay	2,453,529	3,488,787	3,065,250	1,002,678	1,209,901	1,598,513	368,007	1,289,967	200,403	1,098,789
Total expenditures	32,398,539	33,109,364	29,693,490	21,195,230	17,062,066	17,577,014	16,163,019	18,920,258	17,695,457	19,626,705
Other financing sources (uses)										
Bond, note and loan proceeds	•	,		296,926	,	458,000			,	,
Capital lease financing										
Gain (loss) on sale of property		(88,681)			6,064	6,559	17,259	1,909		10,017,210
Transfers in							447,050	446,000	671,364	826,926
Transfers out							(447,050)	(446,000)	(671,364)	(826,926)
Transfers from enterprise fund	100,000	100,000	100,000		•		•		•	
Extraordinary item				(5,828,864)		(22,634,276)				
Total other financing sources	100,000		100,000	(5,531,938)	6,064	(22,169,717)		1,909		10,017,210
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,952,618) \$	\$ (960'826')	(2,377,521)	(6,763,657)	(298,892)	(20,947,692) \$	6,719,524 \$	4,520,510 \$	3,821,082 \$	15,104,865
Daht carvira as a % of										
noncapital expenditures	19.3%	20.4%	21.9%	22.3%	3.0%	4.1%	4.2%	3.8%	4.0%	3.7%

CITY OF PINOLE GENERAL FUND TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



		(b)				(a)	(c)	
Fiscal			Franchise		Occupancy			
Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Tax	Transfer Tax	Tax	Utility Tax	Other	Total
2009	1,703,228	4,442,990	343,904	46,397	223,294	2,150,325	226,464	9,136,602
2010	1,665,429	4,209,559	477,315	44,699	187,746	2,030,198	247,304	8,862,250
2011	1,616,403	4,341,619	520,446	52,049	198,027	1,966,077	269,339	8,963,960
2012	1,757,441	4,688,836	572,499	51,630	208,498	1,930,758	254,140	9,463,802
2013	1,974,485	4,896,120	565,095	75,542	223,413	1,975,666	286,721	9,997,042
2014	2,606,245	5,164,841	667,030	94,992	302,329	1,880,224	1,657,596	12,373,257
2015	5,016,239	6,120,157	656,564	84,136	391,165	1,843,618	2,063,629	16,175,509
2016	3,302,472	7,859,195	687,737	79,181	459,393	1,876,318	1,971,889	16,236,185
2017	3,354,479	7,411,905	717,013	98,593	478,940	2,066,623	3,025,352	17,152,904
2018	4,555,300	8,162,816	747,625	90,328	513,368	1,926,796	4,120,151	20,116,384

⁽a) City of Pinole utility tax went into effect July 1991. This tax was repealed by the voters in November 1997 and reinstated in November 1998, and reaffirmed by voters in November 2004, November 2012, and November 2018.

Source: City of Pinole Finance

⁽b) Voter ratification (November 2006) of 1/2-cent local user tax (applied to retail sales) effective April 2007.

⁽c) Includes Business License Taxes

CITY OF PINOLE ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal				All Other Assessment	Net Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated Actual
Year	Residential	Commercial	Unsecured	Categories	Assessed Value [1]	Tax Rate	Taxable Value
2009	1.555.912.705	311.156.753	50.175.451	67,946,873	1.985.191.782	0.1884%	2 250 204 044
	, ,	- ,,	, -, -	, ,	77 - 7 -		2,359,201,914
2010	1,379,735,626	350,603,828	52,691,843	60,618,613	1,843,649,910	0.1884%	2,190,993,553
2011	1,355,128,439	347,394,282	52,456,924	57,122,367	1,812,102,012	0.1884%	2,153,502,031
2012	1,307,568,620	344,375,136	54,954,754	35,250,991	1,742,149,501	0.1884%	2,070,370,467
2013	1,260,099,385	336,541,044	51,157,272	34,800,305	1,682,598,006	0.1884%	1,999,599,470
2014	1,322,470,290	326,179,820	55,296,246	55,855,398	1,759,801,754	0.1884%	2,091,348,404
2015	1,496,137,773	339,520,240	63,501,588	75,328,519	1,974,488,120	0.1884%	2,346,481,682
2016	1,607,057,208	373,896,531	57,423,148	74,378,826	2,112,755,713	0.1884%	2,510,798,889
2017	1,712,024,334	424,465,946	52,646,667	42,853,459	2,231,990,406	0.1884%	2,652,497,398
2018	1,815,946,452	437,410,538	50,669,026	55,481,949	2,359,507,965	0.1884%	2,804,039,266

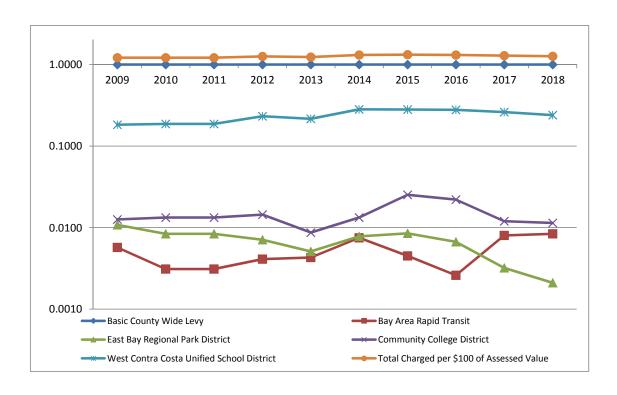
Notes:

[1] Actual market value of taxable property.

Source: Contra Costa County Assessor's Office

CITY OF PINOLE

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX LEVIED PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



			East Bay		West Contra	Total Charged
Fiscal	Basic County	Bay Area Rapid	Regional Park	Community	Costa Unified	per \$100 of
Year	Wide Levy	Transit	District	College District	School District	Assessed Value
2009	1.0000	0.0057	0.0108	0.0126	0.1828	1.2119
2010	1.0000	0.0031	0.0084	0.0133	0.1869	1.2117
2011	1.0000	0.0031	0.0084	0.0133	0.1869	1.2117
2012	1.0000	0.0041	0.0071	0.0144	0.2322	1.2578
2013	1.0000	0.0043	0.0051	0.0087	0.2157	1.2338
2014	1.0000	0.0075	0.0078	0.0133	0.2818	1.3104
2015	1.0000	0.0045	0.0085	0.0252	0.2803	1.3185
2016	1.0000	0.0026	0.0067	0.0220	0.2781	1.3094
2017	1.0000	0.0080	0.0032	0.0120	0.2604	1.2836
2018	1.0000	0.0084	0.0021	0.0114	0.2397	1.2616
_						

Source: Contra Costa County Auditor-Controller Office

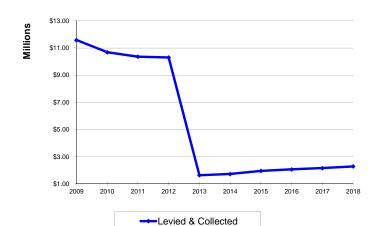
CITY OF PINOLE PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS JUNE 30, 2018

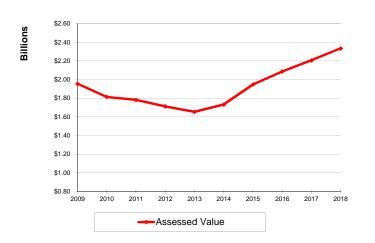
2008-09 2017-18 Percent of Total Percent of Total Taxable City Taxable Taxable City Taxable Assessed Value Assessed Value Assessed Value Assessed Value Taxpayer Taxpayer 13,971,082 Alpha Beta Company \$ 1.21% AMFP III Bayside \$ 25,670,412 1.11% Appian Associates \$ 14,444,420 1.25% Appian Associates 16,347,803 0.71% Dayton Hudson Corporation 16,485,944 1.42% Che Chen and Shu Fen Liu Trust 21,937,975 0.95% Jackson Retail Venture LLC 15,000,000 Gateway Pinole Vista LLC 68,119,520 2.95% \$ 1.29% KW Pinole LLC 20,391,840 Kaiser Foundation Health Plan 35,835,849 \$ 1.70% 1.55% Peter L. & Shelly Thigpen LLC 20,943,497 1.74% NHI-Reit of Next House LLC 20,206,335 0.88% Pinole Dundee One LLC ROIC Pinole Vista LLC 0.99% \$ 19,507,500 1.68% 22,946,034 SCG Pinole Valley Shopping Center Pinole Redevelopment Agency 77,646,245 4.50% 40,186,911 1.74% Pinole Vista LLC 1.98% \$ 22,914,008 **Target Corporation** 18,658,368 0.81% Thomas J. Fitzgerald Trust 13,345,552 1.15% Thomas J. Fitzgerald Trust 15,980,242 0.69% \$ 234,650,088 12.38% 17.92% \$ 285,889,449

Source: Hdl Coren & Cone Contra Costa County Assessor

Note: Information is shown in alphabetical order.

CITY OF PINOLE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS





		Redevelopment/					Value of			Effective
		Successor Agency		Total	Percent	Value of City	Redevelopment	Local Tax Rate	Effective	Taxrate for
Fiscal	City Property Tax	Property Tax		Property Tax	of Levy	Property Subject to	Property Subject to	Applied to	Taxrate for	Redevelopment
Year	Levied & Collected	Levied & Collected	L	evied & Collected	Collected [3]	Local Tax Rate	Local Tax Rate	Assessed Value	City Levy	Agency Levy
2009 2010	2,248,837 1.666.933	9,329,281 9,019,028		11,578,118 10.685.961	100% 100%	985,961,247 889,861,914	968,900,856 923,122,635	1,954,862,103 1,812,984,549	0.23% 0.19%	0.96% 0.98%
2011	1,708,156	8,652,264		10,360,420	100%	882,752,227	899,021,556	1,781,773,783	0.19%	0.96%
2012	1,578,328	8,724,669	[1]	10,302,997	100%	859,343,223	853,177,005	1,712,520,228	0.18%	1.02%
2013	1,538,826	105,121	[2]	1,643,946	100%	824,577,292	829,059,723	1,653,637,015	0.19%	0.01%
2014	1,622,419	105,121	[2]	1,727,540	100%	868,918,982	862,888,372	1,731,807,354	0.19%	0.01%
2015	1,856,378	105,121	[2]	1,961,498	100%	990,967,092	956,240,628	1,947,207,720	0.19%	0.01%
2016	1,967,011	105,121	[2]	2,072,131	100%	1,048,130,045	1,037,786,268	2,085,916,313	0.19%	0.01%
2017	2,059,786	104,251	[2]	2,164,037	100%	1,105,435,408	1,100,258,798	2,205,694,206	0.19%	0.01%
2018	2,185,033	104,295	[2]	2,289,328	100%	1,170,940,384	1,162,783,781	2,333,724,165	0.19%	0.01%

Source: Contra Costa County

Notes:

- [1] Redevelopment Agency [Component Financial Unit] dissolved effective 02/01/2012 pursuant to State Law (ABx1-26)
 [2] The City of Pinole serves as the Successor Agency to the Pinole Redevelopemnt Agency which dissolved effective 02/01/2012 pursuant to State Law (ABx1-26)
 [3] Pursuant to Revenue & Taxation Code 4701 all property taxes levied are distributed by County Costa County to the City (reference Footnote 1)

CITY OF PINOLE
TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEARS

	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
						[a]	[q]			
Major Business Groups										
Autos and Transportation \$	112,522 \$	114,282 \$	120,748 \$	121,195 \$	127,938 \$	124,234 \$	128,585 \$	143,531 \$	142,634 \$	129,758
Building and Construction	247,085	187,069	178,788	177,786	194,806	205,843	228,851	235,399	256,743	252,433
Business and Industry	115,425	98,042	94,315	90,571	114,078	90,046	74,621	74,664	69,064	68,148
Food and Drugs	298,175	310,750	318,983	322,851	327,071	332,824	369,426	354,347	366,064	376,151
Fuel and Service Stations	312,149	284,716	370,647	392,505	428,169	426,327	431,453	393,583	355,390	362,450
General Consumer Goods	1,233,117	1,080,208	1,107,978	1,147,145	1,182,031	1,182,294	1,229,774	1,298,176	1,343,309	1,347,691
Restaurants and Hotels	476,528	473,217	480,453	533,913	576,500	618,795	660,763	711,659	715,966	715,885
Adjustments & Others	(1,970)					35,173	(50,925)	24,448		206
Point of Sale s/totals	2,793,031	2,548,284	2,671,912	2,785,966	2,950,593	3,015,536	3,072,548	3,235,807	3,249,170	3,253,022
County Pool Allocations	280,676	248,972	336,207	320,353	311,692	366,939	408,386	431,500	499,708	490,660
State Pool Allocations	1,452	2,265	1,200	1,000	1,571	2,064	2,129	2,400	2,637	1,903
Local Transaction Tax [a]	1,411,024	1,384,641	1,530,888	1,592,160	1,684,995	1,796,832	1,894,578	3,789,711	3,953,872	4,089,586
Administrative Cost - SBE	(43,193)	(44,986)	(47,160)	(48,012)	(49,811)	(54,106)	(58,890)	(82,268)	(95,537)	(90,183)
Fiscal Year Totals \$	4,442,990 \$	4,139,176 \$	4,493,047 \$	4,651,467 \$	4,899,040 \$	5,127,265 \$	5,318,751 \$	7,377,150 \$	7,609,850 \$	7,744,988
City Direct Sales Tax Rate	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%

Source: HdL Coren & Cone

Notes:
[a] "Adjustment" reflects "True-up" reconciliation payment for "Triple-Flip" Reimbursement for State Fiscal Recovery Bond Financing Program.
[b] Effective 04/01/15 additional 1/2% local transaction tax (Measure "S" 2014) authorized

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEARS CITY OF PINOLE

Taving Inriediction / Durance	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
raxing durisdiction / Purpose							<u>.</u>			
Overlapping Sales Taxes										
State General Fund	2.50%	2.50%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
State Fiscal Recovery Fund	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
State Education Protection Account	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
County Health & Welfare Programs	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
[a] City/County Public Safety Programs	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Contra Costa Transportation Authority	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Bay Area Rapid Transit	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%
West County Transit Authority	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Overlapping Sales Taxes	8.00%	8.00%	7.50%	7.50%	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%	7.50%	7.50%
City Direct Sales Taxes										
Bradley Burns Authority	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
[b] Measure "S" Authority - 2006	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
[c] Measure "S" Authority - 2014	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Direct Sales Taxes	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%
										7
[d] Total Sales Tax Levy - City of Pinole	9.25%	9.25%	8.75%	8.75%	%00.6	%00.6	9.50%	9.50%	9.25%	9.25%

Notes:

- [a] Effective 01/01/94 SCA-1 (Proposition-172) additional 1/2% statewide sales tax restricted to public safety programs
 [b] Effective 04/01/07 additional 1/2% local transaction tax (Measure "S" 2006) authorized
 [c] Effective 04/01/15 additional 1/2% local transaction tax (Measure "S" 2014) authorized
 [d] The City direct sales tax rate may only be changed with ratification by the electors of the City. The maximum levy permited by the State Legislature for combined direct and overlapping sales tax is 9.5%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

TOP 25 SALES TAX PRODUCERS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

BUSINESS NAME BUSINESS CATEGORY

APPIAN CHEVRON SERVICE STATIONS **APPLEBEES CASUAL DINING ELECTRONICS/APPLIANCE STORES BEST BUY** CONVENIENCE STORES/LIQUOR BEVERAGES & MORE **BURLINGTON COAT FACTORY FAMILY APPAREL BUILDING MATERIALS** DOLAN'S PINOLE LUMBER FOOD MAXX **GROCERY STORES** IN-N-OUT BURGER QUICK-SERVICE RESTAURANTS DISCOUNT DEPARTMENT STORES K-MART MICHAELS ARTS & CRAFTS ART/GIFT/NOVELTY STORES ORCHARD SUPPLY HARDWARE **BUILDING MATERIALS** O'REILLY AUTO PARTS **AUTOMOTIVE SUPPLY STORES** ORIGINAL MELS DINER **CASUAL DINING** PETSMART SPECIALTY STORES PINOLE CHEVRON SERVICE STATIONS PINOLE FLYERS SERVICE STATIONS PINOLE VISTA SHELL SERVICE STATIONS SAFEWAY **GROCERY STORES** SMART STOP SERVICE STATIONS SUGAR CITY BUILDING MATERIALS **BUILDING MATERIALS TARGET** DISCOUNT DEPARTMENT STORES TJ MAXX FAMILY APPAREL TRADER JOES **GROCERY STORES** ULTA SPECIALTY STORES

SERVICE STATIONS

PERCENT OF FISCAL YEAR TOTAL PAID BY TOP 25 ACCOUNTS = 61%

Source: State Board of Equilization (HdL Companies)

Note: Information is shown in alphabetical order.

VALERO CORNER STORE

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEARS CITY OF PINOLE

			Per Capita	3,637	3,428	3,451	3,308	762	755	718	999	982	1,018
			Pe	S	S	↔	↔	S	↔	\$	↔	↔	↔
	Percentage	of Personal	Income	8.8%	8.7%	7.9%	7.3%	1.7%	1.7%	1.4%	1.3%	1.7%	1.7%
		Total Primary	Government	70,493,077	67,042,316	63,711,038	61,066,490	14,229,819	14,091,676	13,488,668	12,595,491	18,633,938	19,573,423
oe Activities	Clean Water	State Revolving	Fund									6,786,599	8,377,758
Business-type Activities		Wastewater	Revenue Bonds	9,995,000	9,810,000	9,620,000	9,420,000	9,220,000	9,005,000	8,775,000	8,251,000	7,866,000	7,576,000
			Capital Leases	281,536	75,456		296,925	259,630	608,209	506,973	402,514	294,724	183,490
l Activities		Notes and	Mortgages	801,398	719,797	631,867	987,385	<u>[a]</u>	<u>a</u>	<u>[a]</u>	<u>a</u>	[a]	[a]
Governmental Activities	Pension	Obligation	Bonds	5,960,143	5,647,063	5,344,171	5,047,180	4,750,189	4,478,467	4,206,695	3,941,977	3,686,615	3,436,175
		Redevelopment	Bonds	53,455,000	50,790,000	48,115,000	45,315,000	[a]	[a]	[a]	[a]	[a]	[a]
•		Fiscal	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

[a] Judicial Review upholding the constitutionality of ABx1-26 resulted in legal discharge of Revelopment Agency Debt effective 02/01/2012

Sources:

City of Pinole Finance Department

State of California Department of Finance US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Business-type

	Governmen	tal Activities	Activities				
Fiscal	OPEB Unfunded	Compensated	OPEB Unfunded	Total Primary	Percentage of Personal		
Year	NOO	Abesences	NOO	Government	Income	Pe	r Capita
2010	3,722,892	855,812	388,798	4,967,502	0.6%	\$	254
2011	6,036,285	824,059	655,208	7,515,552	0.9%	\$	407
2012	8,479,288	717,352	908,692	10,105,332	1.1%	\$	544
2013	10,834,457	650,157	1,196,617	12,681,231	1.4%	\$	678
2014	12,638,863	629,136	1,413,205	14,681,204	1.6%	\$	781
2015	14,429,577	652,624	1,627,412	16,709,613	1.8%	\$	882
2016	15,686,891	565,181	1,772,058	18,024,130	1.8%	\$	962
2017	17,495,525	598,774	1,981,763	20,076,062	1.9%	\$	1,058
2018	32,029,200	656,630	3,558,800	36,244,630	3.2%	\$	1,884

Notes:

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Sources:

City of Pinole Finance Department State of California Department of Finance US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEARS

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

			В	onds Paid with	Total - Net of			
		Pension		Restricted	Bonds Paid with	Percentage of		
Fiscal	Redevelopment	Obligation	Red	development Tax	Restricted Tax	Taxable Value		
Year	Bonds	Bonds		Increments	Levies	of Property	Pε	er Capita
2009	53,455,000	5,960,143	\$	(53,455,000)	5,960,143	0.60% [a]	\$	307
2010	50,790,000	5,647,063	\$	(50,790,000)	5,647,063	0.63% [a]	\$	289
2011	48,115,000	5,344,171	\$	(48,115,000)	5,344,171	0.61% [a]	\$	290
2012	45,315,000	5,047,180	\$	(45,315,000)	5,047,180	0.59% [a]	\$	272
2013	[b]	4,750,189	\$	-	4,750,189	0.58% [a]	\$	254
2014	[b]	4,478,467	\$	-	4,478,467	0.52% [a]	\$	238
2015	[b]	4,206,695	\$	-	4,206,695	0.42% [a]	\$	222
2016	[b]	3,941,977	\$	-	3,941,977	0.38% [a]	\$	210
2017	[b]	3,986,615	\$	-	3,986,615	0.36% [a]	\$	210
2018	[b]	3,436,175	\$	-	3,436,175	0.29% [a]	\$	179

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- [a] Based on Assessment Value net of restricted Redevelopment Tax Increment
- [b] Enactment of ABx1-26 resulted in legal discharge of Revelopment Agency Debt effective 02/01/2012

Sources:

City Finance Department

Contra Costa County Office of the Auditor-Controller

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT [c] JUNE 30, 2018

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: Bay Area Rapid Transit District Contra Costa Community College District West Contra Costa Unified School District West Contra Costa Healthcare District East Bay Regional Park District TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	\$	Outstanding Debt 06/30/18 837,820,000 403,600,000 1,149,663,353 54,635,000 187,800,000	[a] <u>% Applicable</u> 0.339% 1.227% 7.880% 7.360% 0.530%	Esti	mated Share of <u>Debt 6/30/18</u> 2,840,210 4,952,172 90,593,472 4,021,136 995,340 103,402,330
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: Contra Costa County General Fund Obligations Contra Costa County Pension Obligation Bonds Contra Costa County Fire Protection Pension Obligations Contra Costa Community College District Certificates of Participation West Contra Costa Unified School District Certificates of Participation City of Pinole Pension Obligation Bonds City of Pinole Capital Lease Obligations Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District Authority GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Contra Costa County obligations supported from revenue funds NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	\$	291,777,297 155,880,000 65,250,000 330,000 10,145,000 3,436,174 183,490 13,795,000	1.223% 1.223% 0.011% 1.227% 7.880% 100.000% 0.039%	\$	3,568,436 1,906,412 7,178 4,049 799,426 3,436,174 183,490 5,380 9,910,545 1,399,044 8,511,501
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency): TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT 2017-2018 Assessed Valuation: \$ 2,359,507,965 [d]	\$	23,605,000	100.000%	\$ \$ \$ \$	23,605,000 3,619,664 133,298,211 131,899,167 136,917,875 135,518,831
Ratios to 2017-18 Assessed Valuation: Total Gross Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt Combined Direct Debt Gross Combined Total Debt Net Combined Total Debt	4.38% 0.15% 5.80% 5.74%				

2.03%

Notes:

[a] Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.

Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$1,162,783,781):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt

- [b] Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.
- [c] Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Pinole.
- [d] Final Assessment Roll value

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total assessed value of Legal debt limit - 15%

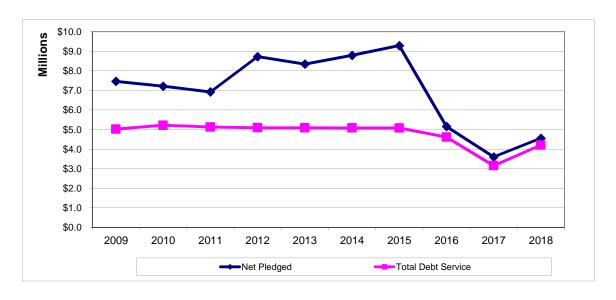
	all	real and personal	Ċ	of total assessed	Α	Amount of debt		
Fiscal Year		property		valuation [a]	ap	plicable to limit	Le	egal debt margin
2009	\$	1,954,862,103	\$	293,229,315	\$	(16,500,000)	\$	276,729,315
2010	\$	1,812,984,549	\$	271,947,682	\$	(16,110,000)	\$	255,837,682
2011	\$	1,781,773,783	\$	267,266,067	\$	(15,710,000)	\$	251,556,067
2012	\$	1,712,520,228	\$	256,878,034	\$	(15,295,000)	\$	241,583,034
2013	\$	1,653,637,015	\$	248,045,552	\$	(14,865,000)	\$	233,180,552
2014	\$	1,731,807,354	\$	259,771,103	\$	(14,425,000)	\$	245,346,103
2015	\$	1,947,207,720	\$	292,081,158	\$	(13,970,000)	\$	278,111,158
2016	\$	2,085,916,313	\$	312,887,447	\$	(13,500,000)	\$	299,387,447
2017	\$	2,205,694,206	\$	330,854,131	\$	(13,015,000)	\$	317,839,131
2018	\$	2,333,724,165	\$	350,058,625	\$	(12,510,000)	\$	337,548,625

Note

[a] Per California Government Code Section 43605

Source: City of Pinole Finance Department

CITY OF PINOLE TAX ALLOCATION BOND COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



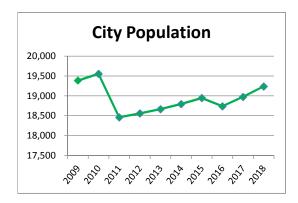
			[a]	Net Pledged				
		[b]	Less Low and	Tax Revenue				
	Fiscal	Pledged Tax	Moderate Income	Available for	Debt	Service	Total	
	Year	Revenue	Housing Set-Aside	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	
2009	2008-2009	9,329,281	1,865,856	7,463,425	2,365,000	2,660,527	5,025,527	
2010	2009-2010	9,016,903	1,803,806	7,213,097	2,665,000	2,555,078	5,220,078	
2011	2010-2011	8,652,264	1,730,454	6,921,810	2,675,000	2,453,236	5,128,236	
2012	2011-2012	8,724,669	0	8,724,669	2,800,000	2,294,792	5,094,792	
2013	2012-2013	8,343,800	0	8,343,800	2,935,000	2,153,518	5,088,518	
2014	2013-2014	8,788,383	0	8,788,383	3,085,000	1,999,924	5,084,924	
2015	2014-2015	9,287,768	0	9,287,768	3,245,000	1,834,317	5,079,317	
2016	2015-2016	5,158,035	0	5,158,035	3,410,000	1,206,137	4,616,137	
2017	2016-2017	3,603,311	0	3,603,311	2,505,000	653,234	3,158,234	
2018	2017-2018	4,558,025	0	4,558,025	3,625,000	582,712	4,207,712	

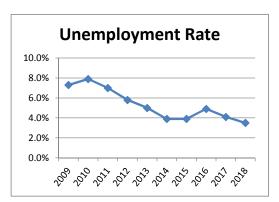
Source: City of Pinole Finance

[[]a] Enactment of State Legislation (ABx1-26) suspends funding mandate for 20% Housing Set-Aside.

[[]b] Successor Agency is now accounted for as a Private Purpose Trust (non-entity)

CITY OF PINOLE DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS





	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Fiscal Year	City Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Median Household Income	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2009	19,383	1,088,080	89,300	4,073	7.3%
2010	19,555	1,131,726	90,300	4,049	7.9%
2011	18,460	1,046,737	92,300	3,740	7.0%
2012	18,560	1,029,430	93,500	3,543	5.8%
2013	18,665	1,064,110	93,500	3,603	5.0%
2014	18,794	1,158,425	93,500	3,483	3.9%
2015	18,946	1,207,845	93,500	3,348	3.9%
2016	18,739	1,007,053	93,600	3,260	4.9%
2017	18,975	1,069,697	97,400	3,192	4.1%
2018	19,236	1,150,236	104,400	3,123	3.5%

Data Source :

- (a) State of California Department of Finance, estimated population.
- (b) Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.
- (c) State of California, Department of Housing and Community Development, Division of Housig Policy Development.
- (d) State of California Department of Education.
- (e) State of California Employment Development Department, Contra Costa County rates.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2	018		2	2009
	Employee	Percentage of		Employee	Percentage of
Employer	Count	City Total	Employer	Count	City Total
West Contra Costa USD	586	12.35%	Target	243	5.47%
Target	210	4.43%	West Contra Costa USD	230	5.18%
Kaiser Health Center	123	2.59%	Mervyn's	187	4.21%
Sprouts Farmers Market	118	2.49%	Lucky's/Food Maxx	124	2.79%
In-N-Out Burger	118	2.49%	City of Pinole	149	3.35%
City of Pinole	110	2.32%	Safetway	90	2.03%
Best Buy	98	2.07%	Best Buy	108	2.43%
K-mart	95	2.00%	K-Mart	103	2.32%
Lucky Supermarket	92	1.94%	Round Table Pizza	65	1.46%
MV Public Transportation, Inc.	79	1.66%	Orchard Supply Hardware	57	1.28%
Top 10 Employer Count	1,629			1,356	_
Total Workforce	4,745	34.33%		4,442	30.53%

NOTE: "Total Workforce" as used above represents the total of all employers located within City limits.

Data Sources:

City of Pinole (Business Licensing) California Department of Education United States Census Bureau

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEARS CITY OF PINOLE

	2009	2010	2011	[b] 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function / Program [a]										
General government										
Administration	9	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	2	4	4	ო	ო	ဗ	က	ო	က	က
Planning	2	2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Building	4	ო	7	_	_	2	2	7	_	_
Other	က	7	2	2	4	4	4	ო	က	က
Police										
Sworn	32	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	27
Non-sworn	24	23	21	13	13	13	13	14	14	14
Fire										
Sworn	20	19	17	15	15	15	15	15	14	4
Non-sworn	_		1					1	_	_
Public Works										
Engineering	7	2	4	က	3	ဗ	က	4	4	4
Maintenance	7	80	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Redevelopment	2	4	ო	ო						
Parks and recreation	13	13	4	∞	∞	1	1	13	13	13
Wastewater collection and treatment	16	15	15	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Total	149	131	124	101	66	103	103	106	105	105

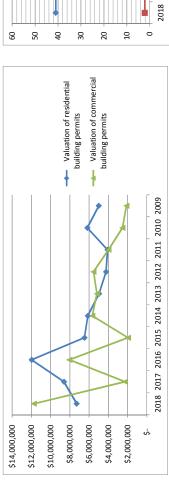
[a] Paid employees only (excluding reserves and volunteers)
[b] Redevelopment Staffing eliminated effective 02/01/2012, following dissolution of Agency pursuant to new State Legislation (ABx1-26)

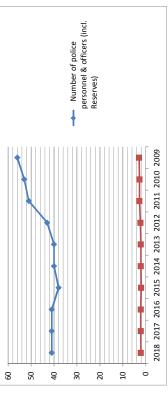
Source: City of Pinole Annual Budget Documents

CITY OF PINOLE OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Date of Incorporation	1903									
Form of Government	Council-Manager									
Number of Employees(including police & fire) Full-time Part-time	38 38 38									
Area in square miles	5 square miles									
Statistics by Fiscal Year Fire Protection	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Number of fire personnel & officers (incl. Reserves)	15	15	15	15	17	15	15	23	56	27
Number of calls answered	2,515	2,647	2,406	1,908	2,205	2,250	2,000	2,134	2,283	2,480
Number of inspections conducted	56	20	404	09	7	48	22	515	210	230
Number of building plan reviews	14	29	99	20	25	32	61	92	70	20
Number of fire investigations	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	2	Not Available	Not Available	51	86	06	92
Police Protection :										
Number of police personnel & officers (incl. Reserves)	41	41	41	38	40	40	43	51	53	26
Number of police personnel per thousand population	2.13	2.16	2.19	2.01	2.13	2.14	2.32	2.76	2.71	2.89
Community Development:										
Number of residential building permits	069	777	1027	1061	800		809	674	732	099
Valuation of residential building permits	3,429	\$ 8,613,376	\$ 11,969,126	\$ 6,485,860	\$ 6,140,140	€	\$ 4,240,627	\$ 4,090,024	\$ 6,187,203	\$ 5,000,929
Number of commercial building permits	84	92	46	22	43		46	21	30	42
Valuation of commercial building permits	\$ 11,752,779	\$ 2,275,774	\$ 8,053,064	\$ 1,961,346	\$ 5,671,577	\$ 5,187,465	\$ 5,547,362	\$ 3,982,285	\$ 2,536,324	\$ 2,128,384
Sewer System:										
Daily average treatment in gallons	2,151,096	2,914,000	2,381,151	2,449,863	2,579,625	2,776,986	2,907,205	3,147,397	3,620,000	3,620,000
Maximum daily capacity of treatment plant in gallons	4,060,000	4,060,000	4,060,000	4,060,000	4,060,000	4,060,000	4,060,000	4,060,000	4,060,000	4,060,000

Source: City of Pinole Finance





CITY OF PINOLE CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

City Streets:
Miles of streets
Number of street lights

63 373 (city owned) 971 (electric & private utility)

Statistics by Fiscal Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Fire Protection : Number of stations	-	-	-	+	1	1	1	1	2	2
Police Protection :										
Number of stations	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_
Number of patrol units	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Number of security units	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Recreation and culture :										
Swim Center	_	_	_	~	_	~	_	-	_	-
Community Theater	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
Senior Center	_	_	_	_	_	~	-	_	_	-
Youth Center	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
Pre-school Center	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	15; 64 total									
Number of parks & park acreage	acres									
Sewer System:										
Sanitary sewers	50 miles									
Miles of storm drains	34 miles									
Number of treatment plants	_	_	_	~	_	-	-	_	_	-
Number of service connections	5,416	5,416	5,416	5,416	5,414	5,414	5,423	5,401	5,398	5,400
Schools:										
Elementary-public	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Elementary-private	_	_	_	-	_	~	-	-	_	-
Junior High School-public	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	~

Source: City of Pinole Finance

High School-public